THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 7 1894. No. 190

C. E. Jones Chemist 36 Govt. St.

RINGS.

RINGS

Children's Rings
Birthday Rings
Friendship Rings
Engagement Rings
Wedding Rings

RINGS

In all the latest designs at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government St.

PERRIN'S

GLOVES

A Few Facts About Kid Gloves.

THERE is no article in the Dry Goods trade more difficult to handle satisfactorily than Kid Gloves. Let the following facts be borne in mind:

Kid Skins and Lamb Skins

are not manufactured to order in a room where the material, the color, the weight, and the strength, can be controlled; they grow on animals, subject to change of weather, of food, and of other conditions such as cause the variety we see in nature.

The manufacturer has to depend on the honesty, ability, and care of his work-people in the selection and manipulation of the skins, and they, like all human beings, often err.

A nice kid glove is the most important part of a ladies' dress. We have made our KID GLOVE department very large and complete. We have stuck to well known and reliable makers and kept the same brand for years. We have Blacks, Tans, Browns and Greys in stock, both in Bretagne, Lacing and Stud fastenings. Every pair fully warranted when correct size is purchased.

THE WESTSIDE.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let by the day or week at London Block, corner Johnson and Broad streets. Mrs. M. Walker.

LOST—Part of link cuff button. Liberal reward offered. C. H. Seelig, City.

NOTICE---K. OF P.

Members of Victoria Lodge, No. 17, Knights of Pythias, are requested to attend a special meeting on Wednesday evening, August 8th, in Castle Hall, for consideration of By-laws. Meeting will be called to order at 8 o'clock.

a7-2t J. J. RANDOLPH, C.C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Robert Dudgeon of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Telegraph Hotel," situate upon the east side of Store street in the city of Victoria.

J. MERIFIELD.

Victoria, B. C., 14th July, 1894.

AUCTION

ARTISTIC

FURNITURE

Friday, August 10, 2 p.m.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia, Re Edgar Marvin, Deceased.

I have been instructed to sell on the premises, Cadboro Bay Road, nearly opposite the residence of T. Earle, Esq., M.P., the following goods: 2 office tables, office partition in oak, grille work, 3 oak brackets over parlor doors, 2 fine oak mantels and over mantels with mirrors, 1 oak grille (dining room window); also in drawing-room, handsome oak cupboard (with mirrors) for dining room, 1 large oak plate bracket with mirrors, 1 antique oak sideboard, 1 antique oak dinner waggon, 1 large oak extension table, 12 antique oak dining chairs, 1 antique oak cheval glass (20x72), 2 oak mirrors, 2 easy chairs (plush and Wilton), 1 oak cupboard with folding bed, bamboo chairs, whatnot and umbrella stand, oak hall stand, rattan chairs, Brussels carpets, 1 oak cupboard with folding bed, window blinds and poles, etc., 2 furnished bedrooms in antique oak and maple, bedding pillows, blankets, etc., 2 enamel bathtubs and washstands, several electric lamps (1 to 4 lights), a splendid Arlington range with 100 gallon hot water tank, 2 small stoves, refrigerator, crockery, etc.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

A new residence facing the Victoria Arm, 200 feet water frontage, unsurpassed view of the City of Victoria and Olympian range in the back-ground; entrance from the Gorge Road; two-and-a-half acres of land; House containing panelled vestibule, beautifully frescoed hall, handsome Staircase, double Drawing Room with two mrepiaces, Dining Room, Smoking Room, six Bed Rooms, Bath Room, W. C. and Lavatory on each floor, large attic, spacious cellar with stone walls, brick foundation, electric light, electric bells, &c., &c.

Price, $10,500. Terms can be arranged to suit the purchaser. Apply to

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect, P.O. Box 352.
39 1-2 Government Street, Victoria.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.

There will be a meeting of the Victoria Liberal Association on Friday evening, August 10th, at 8 o'clock. Among other business, the approaching visit of Hon. Mr. Laurier will be considered. A full meeting is requested.

J. T. BETHUNE,
Secretary.

Notice to Carpenters and Others.

Tenders are required for the erection of a residence on Toronto street, James Bay; also for addition to a residence at Victoria West and for moving an old building; also 1,000 feet of picket fencing.

Tenders to be in by 12 o'clock noon on Monday next, August 13th. The lowest or any tender for either work will not necessarily be accepted.

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.
39 1-2 Government Street, Aug. 7th, 1894.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under instructions from the mortgagee and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the 30th day of November, 1891, tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon of Wednesday, the 22nd day of August, 1894, for the purchase of Lot 15, Chemainus District, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, containing 160 acres more or less, formerly occupied by Alfred Chadwick.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated the 7th day of August, 1894.

H. G. HALL,
Solicitor for Mortgagee.
12 Bastion Square, Victoria.

FOR SALE

VICTORIA WEST STEAM BAKERY.

Fully equipped with all the latest improved Biscuit and Soft Bread Machinery, in complete working order. Will be sold at a bargain on easy terms of payment.

For further particulars apply to

The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ltd.,
125 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

Cheap Excursion!

Via the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

...TO...

WASHINGTON, D.C., and return ... $79 75
PITTSBURG, P.A., and return 66 50

Ticket good for SIXTY DAYS from date of sale. For full particulars, tickets, map of route, etc., apply to

GEORGE L. COURTNEY,
Agent C. P. Ry. Co.,
August3-tf Victoria, B. C.

AMERICAN TARIFF TINKERS

At Noon To-Day Senate and House Conferees Had Failed to Make Headway.

Wilson Says They Will Agree if Not Interfered With—To Hurry Them Up.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Senator Gorman in an interview says the house conferees on the tariff bill have just forty-eight hours longer to agree. If an agreement is not reached then, he says the senate will break off further negotiations and put sugar on the free list. He declares a bounty on sugar which the Louisiana senators want, will not be continued this year. Rather than do this, sugar will be placed on the free list, and this, he adds, will be a loss of twenty million revenue annually. He declares the president and the senate conferees want sugar taxed.

Springer said that on the assembling of the caucus to-day a resolution will be offered asking that the senate tariff bill with its amendments be laid before the house in order. He expects a fierce fight on this resolution. Many members are opposed to the caucus.

The Democratic caucus met promptly at 3 o'clock. Rynum immediately offered a resolution declaring it the sense of the caucus that the conferees of both houses should make concessions looking to a speedy agreement on the tariff, that the caucus adjourn until Friday and if by that time no agreement is reached shall reassemble and invite the Democratic senators to meet the Democratic members of the house and discuss the situation. Law offered a substitute, expressing confidence in the conferees and leaving the matter in their hands.

The house judiciary committee will report adversely on the bill allowing persons of Japanese descent to become citizens of the United States.

In the senate to-day a resolution was introduced directing the president to negotiate for the release of Americans now confined in Cuba for complicity in the rebellion in that country.

All the conferees on the tariff bill except one will be present at to-day's caucus of the house. Wilson will make a statement of the progress made on the tariff and declare a agreement will be reached if the conferees are not interfered with.

The interview with Voorhees, published in the morning papers, has evidently solidified the conservative senators and all talk or concession on iron and coal has ceased.

Up to lunch time to-day the conferees on the tariff, it is reported, made no headway.

The resolution to be offered this afternoon will be modified so as to call for an agreement on the tariff amendments at the earliest practicable date.

PEIXOTO CAUSING TROUBLE.

Every Means Adopted to Maintain His Position.

New York, Aug. 7.—A dispatch from Rio Janeiro says: "President Peixoto is adopting every means to maintain himself in the presidency. It is believed that he will even try to arrest President-elect Mores, and that he expectes the military to back him. Peixoto openly defies congress. He refuses to promulgate laws and decrees passed by that body, though by law he is compelled to do so within forty-eight hours after their passage. Congress will probably undertake to impeach him. The impending struggle is considered as between the people and the army.

BLUEFIELDS EVACUATED.

Chief Clarence Retreats to Pearl City, From Bluefields.

New York, Aug. 7.—A Costa Rica cable says: "Chief Clarence retired from Bluefields on Sunday and General Cabeza, the Nicaragan commissioner, took possession. Little resistance was offered by the Mosquito Indians. Seven were killed in the skirmish. Clarence has gone to Pearl City. It is said that he intends to attack Bluefields again. The evacuation was foreseen, and some believe it was part of a pre-arranged plan."

Managua, Nicaragua, Aug. 7.—The government is celebrating their capture of Bluefields.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The town of Bluefields, on the Mosquito Coast, Nicaragua, according to a dispatch received by the Nicaraguan minister has been captured by the Nicaraguan army. In the preliminary skirmish seven Indians were killed by the Nicaraguan soldiers.

HE HYPNOTIZED THEM.

A Supposed Doctor's Scheme for Swindling Farmers.

Vineland, N. J., Aug. 7.—A number of people living in the country near this place assert that they have been hypnotized and swindled by a strange man. According to their story, he represented himself as Dr. Miller, of the Wells Eye hospital of Philadelphia. He introduced himself to Danciel Efts, who with his wife made the man welcome. Both say he hypnotized them. They say he squeezed their hands frequently, and when he did so they experienced a sickening sensation, but still were completely under the influence of the stranger. The supposed doctor pretended he could cure a cataract in one of Mr. Eft's eyes, and offered to do the work for $1.50. He worked about the eye for a time without doing anything, although he made the farmer think he did. Then he sold Mr. Efts what he claimed to be special glasses for $44. Many others were swindled, and all agree that they experienced the same sensation when the supposed doctor took their hands.

Empress of Japan.

Yokohama, Aug. 7.—The Canadian Pacific steamship Empress of Japan sailed for Vancouver Sunday morning.

ABERDEEN AT HALIFAX.

The Vice-Regal Party Elaborately Entertained by Nova Scotians.

Halifax, Aug. 7.—Lord and Lady Aberdeen spent this morning quietly at Maplewood and this afternoon they were present at a dance on the flagship Blake. This evening Lord Aberdeen will attend a banquet given by the three nations societies. The vice-regal party leave on Thursday morning on the Blake for Charlottetown. The vice-regal drawing room in the legislative council chamber of the parliament buildings last night was a success. Lord Aberdeen wore a Windsor uniform and Lady Aberdeen was gowned in silk. They stood on a raised dais and acknowledged each person presented with a bow. Surrounding the dais were General Montgomery Moore, Admiral Hopkins and many brilliantly uniformed army, militia and British and French naval officers and their ladies. Premier Fielding and United States Justice Harlan, Mrs. and the Misses Harlan, United States Consul Ingraham, and many Americans were among those in attendance.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

An Injunction Restrains Sale of Hotel Victoria Furniture.

In Schl v. Wilson this morning an order was made restraining the defendants, William and Joseph Wilson, from proceeding for a period of ten days with the sale for rent of the goods of the Hotel Victoria, and the injunction will be continued until the trial of the action on the plaintiff paying into the court the sum of $7,000. The plaintiffs have to pay the costs of the postponement of the sale, which was set for Thursday next. The affidavit of Joseph Schl states that the plaintiff in March, 1893, sold F. T. Patton under a life agreement furniture to the value of $10,010. At the time of the sale Patton paid $2,000, and since then $2,480. In December, 1892, and again in July, 1893, Patton was in arrear of payments under the agreements, and the plaintiffs were about to remove the furniture when William Wilson told him (Schl) that he would never trouble Patton for rent, as he wanted to keep the Hotel Victoria open and running and urged the plaintiffs to leave their stuff there, and on the faith of which they did. Since then defendants have distrained for rent due to the time of Patton's assignment, being for one year and eleven months at $450 per month, amounting to $10,350. In July, 1893, when Patton was in difficulties, Wilson agreed to reduce the rent to $250 and the other creditors agreed to an extension of six months, and at that time Mr. Wilson took an active part and requested Mr. Schl to grant the extension, which he did. As a result, the plaintiffs say, on account of Mr. Wilson's representations, they were kept from enforcing their claim, which they would have enforced when there was due rent for only a few months, as they then could have taken out their furniture and paid the rent. William Wilson filed an affidavit in answer, which says that at the time the defendants advanced Patton the cash they did not know that the furniture had been bought on a hire agreement. Mr. Schl once asked him to buy the furniture, but he told him that he did not want it, as he had already put enough in the Hotel Victoria. He states that last winter while in California Mr. Schl pressed Patton to let plaintiff have judgment against him. In regard to the reduction in rent, he says, the reduction was conditional on prompt payments.

F. B. Gregory appeared for plaintiffs and P. A. Irving for defendants.

Mr. Justice Drake in the supreme court chambers this morning heard the following applications:

Saunders vs. Kingham & Minor—White (Eberts & Taylor) for the defendants, applied to have the action dismissed for want of prosecution. No one contra. Order made.

Verrinder vs. Church—Morley (Dumbleton & Elliott) applied for an affidavit on production by defendants and also for an order for examination for discovery. Bell contra. Order made.

Irving vs. Mallette—Potts (Belyea & Gregory) applied for leave to issue a commission to take evidence of the defendant at Port Angeles. Irving contra. Application refused.

This morning before Mr. Justice Drake in the suit of the Globe Furniture Company vs. Muirhead & Mann and others, H. D. Helmcken moved for an injunction restraining Muirhead & Mann from making or selling desks after the pattern of the Globe desk and which they have already supplied to the public schools here. C. E. Pooley, Q. C., appeared for the Albion Iron Works, who made the iron work of the desk. George Jay, jr., for Muirhead & Mann, and P. S. Lampman for the school board. An order was made restraining defendants from further infringing the patent and the school board pays the balance of their contract price with Muirhead & Mann into court to await further order.

County court finished its August sitting this morning. In Mesher vs. Stewart suit judgment was given for the plaintiff for $201.85 with costs upon Mr. Fell undertaking to pay the painter's account of of $212.16, less $4.50, which he agreed to allow on the paper, that is, $197.66. No execution to issue without leave. Thornton Fell for plaintiff and A. P. Luxton for defendant.

Brief Locals.

—The "Y's" are invited to meet at Miss Rosina Smith's rooms at the home of Mrs. Gus Gerow, Esquimalt road, to-morrow evening at 7.30 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

—There will very likely be a large crowd go to Seattle on the excursion on the Rosalie on Sunday next, as it offers an opportunity to get away for a pleasant outing without loss of time from business. The steamer is also one of the most comfortable in northern waters. The steamer will leave here at 7 a. m. and returning will leave Seattle at 9 p.m.

Genuine Sale of Dress Goods

At Russell & McDonald's, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

CHOLERA'S WORK IN RUSSIA.

Over Three Hundred Deaths in St. Petersburg During the Last Fortnight.

Government Bill to Privide Payment for Members of the House of Commons.

St. Petersburg, Aug., 7.—During the fortnight ending Aug. 4, there were 313 cases of cholera and over 300 deaths, and in Warsaw during the same period 304 cases and 213 deaths.

London, Aug. 7.—The evicted tenants bill, with the government and Irish amendments, was reported in the house of commons last evening. Member of parliament Russell, of Tyrone, urges that the bill be amended so as to make reinstatements of evicted tenants voluntary. This, he thinks, will appease the house of lords and the bill will be passed.

The Times will publish a crop report which is based on returns made by 10,000 agents throughout Great Britain. The condition on August 1 is lower than on July 1, although higher than on August 1, 1893.

The German steamer Port Alegre, supposed to have been sunk last night by the steamer Lismore Castle off the French coast, passed the head last evening in an apparently safe condition.

A member of the crew of the steamer Balmoral has died of cholera. She arrived at Gravesend to-day fro St. Petersburgh.

Sir William Harcourt announced in the commons to-day that the government would introduce at the next session a bill providing for the payment of members.

Paris, Aug. 7.—No appeal has been made from the Caesario conviction. His execution will take place 180 only within two weeks.

Rome, Aug. 7.—The pope will receive to-morrow the pilgrims from the United States. There will be no speeches.

THE COREAN WAR.

Japanese Bark Seized by a Chinese Cruiser—Warning to Pilots.

Shanghai, Aug. 7.—A dispatch says the captain of the Chung King which arrived to-day, made the following statement with regard to the seizure of Japanese by Chinese soldiers while the ship was at Taku. The Chinese proposed seizing the Japanese passengers. They bound the Japanese and flung them over on the wharf. Li Hung Chang, when informed of this outrage on the British flag, commanded the Japanese to be returned to the vessel and the soldiers who made the raid to be punished severely.

London, Aug. 7.—A Shanghai dispatch states that a Chinese cruiser captured a Japanese bark, taking her to Taku. Pilots have been warned against guiding Japanese vessels.

THE GOLDEN STATE.

Trial of Train Wreckers at Woodland—The Murphy Estate.

Woodland, Cal., Aug. 7.—H. T. McClabbe, road master of the Southern Pacific company, was the first witness this morning in the train wrecking case. He was asked a number of questions relating to the movement of trains during the early part of the strike. Witness described the finding and confiscating of a cannon in a yard and turned it over to the military authorities at the depot.

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—Daniel T. Murphy has notified the widow of his brother, Eugene Kelly Murphy, that he will not act as executor under the will of his late brother. He says he has reason to believe that his brother was insane at the time he signed his will. It is, however, believed that the estate will be placed in the hands of a local trust company and that all difficulties between the contestants will be settled in an amicable manner.

Criminal proceedings, it is alleged, are to be brough against Harry J. Summerhayes, secretary of the present grand jury, for alleged misappropriation of funds as local agent and manager of the True Vanning Machinery company. Summerhayes, on the other hand, alleges that the company owes him over $13,000 for which he is now suing and confidently asserts that he will eventually be victorious.

Oakland, Cal., Aug. 7.—John C. Pennypacker, a well known politician and an old time editor, died here last night at the advanced age of 80. He was connected at one time or another with most of the early newspapers of Oakland. For several years he held the office of wharfinger.

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—E. B. Gaston, an accountant, is in jail charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, in raising a number of checks, which he does not deny. His defence will be that it was done while in a state of frenzy produced by playing roulette at the Midwinter Fair, and he proposes to sue out warrents for the arrest of the managers of the fair.

About five hundred depositors of the People's Home Saving Bank held a meeting last night at which it was suggested that the bank be moved into cheaper quarters and two attorneys and one clerk be discharged.

Irwin Dalton, employed in the Contra Costa Laundry, was robbed this morning on Valencia street by two men, who relieved him of a watch and chain and some money. The police arrested Frank Bryant, who has been identified as the robber. The stolen chain and money was found on him. Dalton was severely beaten by the assaulting parties.

Late Canadian Items.

Ottawa, Aug. 7.—Alex. Bellevue, a lad about 15 years of age, was drowned in the Rideau river last night. His body was found this morning. His brother was drowned a couple of weeks ago.

Windsor, Ont., Aug. 7.—John Smith, 25 years of age and hailing from Michigan, was taken to the Windsor pest house yesterday afternoon with a well developed case of smallpox.

SHANGHAI WILL BE OPEN.

Japan Will Not Attack it and China Will Not Block it.

London, Aug. 7.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Times telegraphs: "Li Hung Chang expects that England will claim compensation for the relatives timates the indemnity due China for the owners of the vessel and cargo. He estimate the indemnity due China for the sinking of the Kow Shung at $3,500,000.

London, Aug. 6.—Edward Gourley, member for Sunderland, questioned the government in the house of commons today, as to the intention of the Japanese government regarding the Chinese treaty ports. Sir Edward Grey, under secretary of the foreign office, in his reply, said that Japan had promised not to attack Shanghai, and China thereupon pledged herself not to obstruct the approaches to that port. In response to another question Sir Edward said he did not know at present whether coal would be contraband of war.

Washington, Aug. 6.—A telegram was received at the Japanese legation to-day announcing the appointment of Mr. Shinichiro Kurino, chief of the diplomatic bureau of the department of foreign affairs, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the United States. Mr. Kurino was one of the students who were sent to this country by the government of Japan as soon as that government decided on the policy of sending her young men abroad to pursue courses of study in the colleges and universities of Europe and America. Some twenty years ago, when this gentleman had thoroughly mastered the English language, he devoted his time to the study of law at Harvard college. On his return to Japan he received an appointment in the department of foreign affairs, where he dealt mostly with matters involving legal questions. A few years later he interested himself in the postal administration, and held an important position in the imperial department of communications, where he inaugurated many improvements in the postal and telegraph service of the Japanese government. In 1891, when certain changes were introduced in the organization of the department of foreign affairs, he was appointed to be chief of the diplomatic bureau.

London, Aug. 6.—A dispatch to the Central News from Tientsin says: "Li Hung Chang continues to direct the preparations of the Chinese. To-day he reviewed the newly arrived troops. The absence of his yellow jacket was the subject of much remark."

Li Hung Chang has sent a message to the Japanese minister expressing regret for the treatment to which the minister was subjected in Taku, and promising that the offending Chinese soldiers should be punished. The soldiers in question abused and derided the minister and threw mud and stones at him.

A telephone line has been established between Taku and Tientsin. The commander at Taku has prepared to block the Pei Ho on short notice. The laying of torpedoes continues. All competent men in the training school have been drafted for service on the various warships.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Central News telegraphs as follows: "Yesterday's report that there had been another engagement off the Corean coast, in which three Chinese warships had been captured by the Japanese, is not credited here. The Chinese northern fleet is at Wha-Wei, and no Chinese transports have recently ventured to sea. The Russian troops north of the Trumen river have been reinforced.

Several Japanese transports escorted by warships have ben sighted in the Yellow sea. It is presumed that they were bound for Chemulpo.

Letters from Haukow say great anxiety prevails among the foreigners lest anarchy breaks out among the natives in the event of disaster to the Chinese forces. All the male Europeans have enrolled as volunteers. Uneasiness is also felt in Chin Kiang and other places.

CANNOT BE DISTRIBUTED.

Mrs. Fair's Estate Idle on Account of a Dispute.

San Francisco, Aug. 6.—The legacy due under the will of Mrs. T. Fair to her married daughter, Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, amounting to a million and a half of dollars, is unpaid. The payment of the legacy fell due on June 28th last, but owing to the suit of her brother, Charles L. Fair, the executors have been prevented from distributing the estate.

The park commissioners are apprehensive of fire at the fair grounds, principally in the Vienna Prater and Mechanical Arts buildings. Fire in either of these structures would certainly damage the park shrubbery and possibly the conservatory. The contractors whose duty it is to remove buildings are disposed to wait until the very limit of the time in which they must act.

[illegible] in the Phelan block, was burglarized early yesterday morning. The burglars effected an entrance to the store by cutting through the floor of an attorney's office and through the ceiling of Mulloy's store. They secured gold spectacles, etc., valued at $3,000.

DECLINES TO TALK.

Olney Will Not Say Why the Suit Against the S. P. Was Withdrawn.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 6.—Attorney-General Olney positively declined last night to discuss the report concerning the discontinuance of the suit brought by the government against the Southern Pacific railway. He said he had not been officially advised of such action on the part of the California courts, and until he had he did not care to talk about the matter.

AMERICAN NEWS.

State Election in Alabama—A Kansas City Failure.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 6.—The state election is now in progress. Reports from the counties so far indicate that the new election laws are working smoothly. The confidence of both sides is amazing, each party backing strong on getting the negro vote. A report just in from Elmore, the large negro county, says the negroes there who were expected to vote almost solidly with the Democrats have astonished everybody by giving their unanimous support to the opposition. A Kolbite said to-day that his party was sure to carry the legislature. The Democrats figure out that they will have at least six of a majority in the legislature unless the negroes go back on them.

FOR POLITICAL SUPREMACY.

Louisiana Whites Organize to Gain Control of the Government.

New Orleans, Aug. 6.—A new political movement, known as the White Supremacy League, has been started in Opelousas, St. Lander parish. The purpose of the league is to secure the supremacy of the white voters in all elections. The negro voters are charged with having a corrupt influence and being a menacing danger. Speeches were made by the leading citizens including judges and members of the legislature, all of whom were in accord with the articles of faith adopted by the organization. It was determined to organize an auxiliary branch society in every precinct. The fear is entertained by conservatives that unless the concurrence of 80 or 90 per cent. of the whites is secured in the movement, serious trouble may grow out of it. Notwithstanding the fears, everything passed off quietly. St. Lander, next to New Orleans, is the lagest parish in the state and about equally divided between whites and blacks. The latter have always taken a leading part in politics and elected part of the successful ticket.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

A dispatch from Windsor says smallpox has broken out there.

The Montreal Hackmen's Union has decided to go into liquidation.

Peter McLaren's sawmill at McLeod, N. W. T., was burned to the ground on Sunday morning. The loss is $12,000. Insured.

The Montreal carriage makers, who complain of Ontario competition, are about to organize a combine with capital stock of $100,000.

At Woodstock, N. B., fire destroyed D. M. Grant's carriage factory, Owen Kelley's grocery and G. F. Smith's residence. Loss, $25,000. The factory employed 30 men.

Fire at Alton destroyed the carriage works of Boggs and Rowliffe, also those of Barber and company, the residence of Solomon Barber and several smaller buildings. Loss, $10,000.

English mails brought by the Labrador which left London on the night of Thursday, July 26, were distributed in Toronto on Saturday, a day ahead of the mails which came by way of New York.

Edward Schultz, for 26 years consul at Montreal for Austria-Hungary, has been created a knight of Francis Joseph. This is the first time this decoration has been conferred upon a citizen of Montreal.

An electric railway was opened the other day on the island of Montreal giving direct communication with the city to the outlying municipalities of Outremont, Cote des Neiges, and Notre Dame des Grace.

Nearly one-half of the village of Harrow was destroyed by fire, which broke out in Sinsack's roller mill while the hands were at dinner and spread with great rapidity. In all 19 buildings were consumed.

It seems probable that there will be no change in the Quebec cabinet for the present on account of the difficulty of filling the position of provincial treasurer. Mr. Hall will, in consequence remain in the cabinet.

Manning's mill at Balmoral, near Edmonton, was destroyed by fire. Loss, $8000; insurance, $5000. The fire started in the engine room, and when noticed it was beyond control. Mr. Manning and the engineer left the mill late on Saturday night.

The body of William Burns, aged 70, formerly of Southampton, was found under some trees a mile from Toronto. He had suicided by carbolic acid and whiskey. He was in Toronto on Saturday looking for work. It is thought that he was deranged and in despair took his life.

Charles Gilmour, of Moretown, who was robbed and nearly murdered by a crew of the contraband craft Emmit of Port Huron, is said to be beyond recovery. Besides receiving many other wounds he was stabbed in the knee with a rusty pike pole, and has blood poisoning. The crew of the Emmit will be tried at Port Huron for bringing stolen goods into the States.

Israel Roy was found dead in his camp near Edmonton on Saturday afternoon. He had been struck on the head with a club and stabbed in the region of the heart. A club with blood on it was found near the body. Roy was supposed to have a large sum of money, but it has been ascertained he had only $40, all of which was taken. Two dollars and his watch were left on the body.

Wm. McConnell, of Portsmouth, whose signature is attached to a petition against Dr. Smythe's return for Kingston, announces he signed the paper by request and without any idea it was a protest, having for its object the unseating and disqualification of Dr. Smythe for corrupt practices. He says he is a supporter of Dr. Smythe, and that he knows of nothing illegal, or such as would warrant a protest against his return.

A letter has been received from Mingan containing distressing intelligence as to the condition of many Indians in Central Labrador. Famine, consequent on scarcity of game in certain sections that have been swept by forest fires, is contributing to the approaching extinction of some of the aborigines. The Waskohapi tribe, formerly a race of mighty hunters, is almost extinct, large numbers having perished in the woods last winter from starvation. There is great destitution among the Montagnais, and a letter states that unless either government or charitable aid is speedily given many of them must perish during the coming winter.

In cases where dandruff, scalp diseases, falling and greyness of the hair appear, do not neglect them, but apply a proper remedy and toute like Hall's Hair Renewer.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

HEAT AS A HEALER.

Antiseptic and Curative Properties Not Sufficiently Recognized.

An eminent surgeon has been experimenting upon certain classes of wounds and in surgical operations, with a view of testing the efficacy of heat as an antiseptic. One of his methods is to touch the exposed surface with bits of absorbant cotton dipped in boiling water. He finds that the healing process is greatly facilitated by this application, and, that, too, without the cumbersome and expensive apparatus necessary for ordinary chemical antiseptics. There is quite too little attention given to the curative properties of heat. The subject has begun to attract the attention of some of the more advanced thinkers of medical men. It is declared that a high degree of heat is of great value when a disease is to be brought to a crisis. One author asserts that obstinate ulcers, even of long standing, and wounds that refuse to heat may be brought into active conditions and speedily made healthy by packing the afflicted parts with hot water bottles or bags. Over the immediate open surface a bag of lint, made slightly damp with glycerine and water, is placed. This must be constantly watched, and renewed as often as it becomes filled with the discharged matter, which it speedily takes up. The heat induces activity and increases circulation, and the pad takes up the poisonous emanations as they accumulate. It is a positively demonstrated fact that intense heat steadily applied will break up any case of pneumonia in the earlier or middle stages, and there are many who do not believe that a fatal termination of this disease is at all necessary unless there are other complications. Simple dry heat is too easy of application and too unscientific for the ordinary medical man.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."
Simply apply Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal. Wholesale agents. mw

Tobacco is man's most universal luxury; the fragrant aroma of MASTIFF PLUG CUT starts people to pipe-smoking, even those who never used tobacco before.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO.,
Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

WEAKNESS OF MEN
Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.

by a perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men, mind and body. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go in hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. Buffalo, N. Y.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to Creditor's Trust Deeds Act, 1890, and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that by deed executed the 6th day of August, A.D. 1894, and executed by all parties thereto on that date, Arthur James Rowbotham, of the City of Victoria, British Columbia, grocer, assigned all his real and personal property (save as therein mentioned) to Thomas Earle of the said City of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the benefit of all his creditors.

Said deed was executed by the said parties and the trusts undertaken by the said Thomas Earle on the 6th day of August instant.

All persons indebted to the said Arthur James Rowbotham are required to pay such indebtedness forthwith to the said trustee, and every person having any claim against the said Arthur James Rowbotham is to send proof of such claim, with full particulars, to the said trustee within one month from this date, after which date the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate, having regard only to such claims as may have been sent in.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the trustee on the 21st day of August, 1894, at 2:30 p.m.

Dated this 6th day of August, 1894.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Trustee above named.

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG,
Proprietor.
my28-4m

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK

Maps, Cheques, Drafts, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Labels, Wedding & Visiting Cards,

Fine Colored Work a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS
Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

PORTRAITS
Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

NOTICE OF SALE BY SHERIFF.

Pursuant to "Execution Against Lands Act, 1874."

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

John W. Mellor, Plaintiff; John W. Carter, Defendant.

In obedience to a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, at Victoria, on the 18th day of June, 1894, and to me directed in the above named suit for the sum of $954.94, and $3.50 for costs of execution, etc., together with interest on the said sum at six per centum per annum from the 19th day of May, 1894, besides Sheriff's poundage, fees, and other expenses of this execution, I have seized and will sell at public auction in front of my office, Court House, Bastion St., Victoria, on Friday, 17th day of August, 1894, at 12 o'clock noon, the interest of the said John W. Carter in the lands as described in this advertisement or sufficient thereof to satisfy the said judgment and expenses.

District.	No. of Lot.	Concise description of property.	Estate or Interest.
Victoria City.	Lot 81, situate in Rae Street.	Two-story house and out-houses; assessed value, $3,950.	Estate in fee, subject to incumbrances.
	Lot 90, Kane St.	Two-story house and out-houses; assessed value, $2,000.	

When to be sold.	Where to be sold.
Friday, August 17th, 1894.	At the Sheriff's Office, Court House, Bastion street, Victoria.

J. E. McMILLAN, Sheriff.
Victoria, B. C., 25th July, 1894.

LAND REGISTRY OFFICE, Victoria, 25th day of July, 1894, 12:10 o'clock p.m.

I hereby certify as follows:

1. That, excepting judgments (if any), the following are the only entries that have been made or applied for against lots 81 and 90, Victoria City, the title to which is registered in the name of J. W. Carter, viz:

Against part of lot 81 and lot 90, Victoria City:

19th January, 1891.—J. W. Carter to Henry P. Bell, mortgage in fee to secure payment of the sum of $4,500 on (or before) the 19th January, 1894, and interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, as therein mentioned. (Registered in Charge Book, Vol. 9, Fol. 405, No. 9,052B.)

Against part (60x30 ft.) of lot 81, Victoria City:

23rd July, 1892.—John William Carter to the North British-Canadian Investment Company, Limited, mortgage in fee to secure payment of the sum of $1,500 on or before the 22nd July, 1895, and interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum. (Registered in C. B., Vol. 11, Fol. 175, No. 13,021B.)

2. That the following judgments appear registered against all the real estate of John William Carter, viz:

Judgment of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, obtained 17th May, 1894, by George Philip Weller, Charles Weller, Otto Weller, and Joseph William Weller, carrying on business at Victoria, B. C., under the firm name and style of Weller Bros., against John William Carter for $192.96 debt, and $56.41 costs. Registered 17th May, 1894, at 12:30 p.m., No. 259.

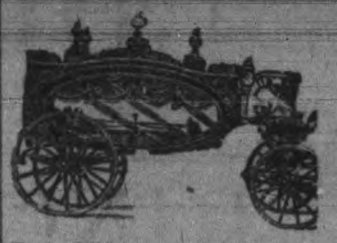
Judgment of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, obtained 28th May, 1894, by Henry Timothy Flett against John William Carter for $210 debt, and $31.57 costs. Registered the 28th May, 1894, at 12:40 p.m., No. 306.

3. That the following judgment appears registered against all the real estate of John W. Carter, viz:

Judgment of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, obtained by Jno. W. Mellor against John W. Carter the 19th May, 1894, for $970.44 debt, and $25 costs, and registered 19th May, 1894, at 12:20 p.m., No. 301.

(L. S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.
SHERIFF McMILLAN,
Victoria, B. C. jly26

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)



Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 90 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 205 acres fenced; 80 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, SWISS BAGLEY'S addition; position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650 or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 301.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing
JOHN DODD,
Nanaimo, B. C.
jel-tf-d&w

Coal! Coal! Coal!
And Wood.

We are still supplying the BEST Coal and Wood in the market.

The Central Coal and Wood Yard,
Office 6 Trounce Avenue, Telephone 65.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government Street.

Private entrance for Pandora Street.
Business strictly confidential.

NOTICE.

Take notice that I shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting, to be held in and for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by me for the Ship Inn Saloon, situate on portion of lot 190, Victoria City, on the east side of Wharf Street in the City of Victoria, to George Thomson, of Victoria, B.C., saloon-keeper.

Dated this 30th day of July, 1894.

ROSS J. FERGUSON.
aug1-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have deposited with the Minister of Public Works a plan and description of a wharf proposed to be erected by me in Constance Cove, Esquimalt Harbor, abutting on part of Section 26, Esquimalt District, and have deposited a duplicate of each in the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria and that I have applied to the Governor in Council for the approval thereof.

Dated 19th July, 1894.

JOHN JOSHUA RUSSELL,
Victoria, B.C.
jy20-1m

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANI, OREGON

THE SULTAN'S WIDOW.

Muley Hassan's Favorite Wife and Mother of Abdul Aziz.

The late sultan of Morocco, whose death was reported at length in recent dispatches, had more than 2,000 wives, and it is therefore a little strange that one of them should have been able to make her way to the supreme place in the affection of her polygamous lord and master, and to achieve in a land where she was a stranger a vast power and influence.

But the influence of the harem has long been recognized as a factor in Oriental politics. The favorite in question is the mother of the present sultan, and would rank even among the western women of talent as remarkable, says the New York Morning Journal.

Her name is Lalla R'Kia, which means 'The brilliant charmer," a name given her by the fond Muley Hassan in the first days of his passion for her, when she had just come over the dusty and dangerous road from Tangier to the mystical city of Fes, brought by a "merchant of beauty," as slave dealers are sometimes called in Morocco.

Lalla R'Kia is a Circassian, and is now in her thirty-fifth year. Unlike many of the women of her native mountains when they come to fill the harem of the Turkish or Egyptian magnates, she has not taken on that undue plumpness which is thought so great a charm in the Orient, but has remained as willowy and graceful as when a young girl her foot was fleet upon the Circassian hills.

Like most of the Circassian slaves brought down to the markets of Constantinople, she was at first broken-hearted at the fate of seclusion and semi-servitude which awaited her. But she had a bright wit as well as a dazzling beauty, and a peculiar magnetism; and when, one hot morning fifteen years ago, the old slave dealer, Braicha, a rich Arab of Tetouan, who goes annually to Turkey in search of new beauties for the Moorish Arabs, asked her if she would like to become an inmate of the sultan of Morocco's famous palace, she eagerly said "Yes." Old Braicha was so captivated by the girl's charms and her many accomplishments—one of which, oddly enough, was a considerable knowledge of music and the ability to play a great many western airs on the piano—secretly resolved to keep her for himself. But no sooner had the sultan set eyes on her than he divined her value, and the modest expression of his wish that she should grace his harem was quietly acquiesced in by the old merchant, who knew that a refusal would be equivalent to the loss of his business in Morocco thereafter. The late sultan was disposed, if not to adopt the European notions, at least to give them a quiet trial in the privacy of his secluded palace.

It was not long before Lalla R'Kia had told the dusky Moor of the beauties of western music, and had managed to have a piano brought on muleback all the way from the coast, to be set up in her private apartments. The skill with which she dashed off the variations to some old-fashioned operatic airs on this instrument of Frankish invention completed the conquest which she had begun to make. The sultan almost believed that she was a witch; at any rate, he admitted that she was far superior to the other dusky and pallid creatures who flitted before his eyes day after day, and she soon had the place of honor, and consecrated the position by putting some of her most formidable rivals quietly out of the way.

In order to preserve his favorite wife from the danger of conspiracy against her, the sultan was obliged to remove her from the capital whenever a foreign delegation arrived there, lest she should be accused of conspiring with them.

With a good knowledge of Spanish and a smattering of French, she has managed to acquire a fair knowledge of what is going on beyond the frontier; and while she has quietly bowed before the traditions and superstitions of the strange world into which she has been thrown, and has never tried to interfere with any of the monstrous cruelties or oppressions which are there considered as matters of course, she has given her son, who has now come to power, many hints which will make a liberal ruler of him.

Of course the 2,000 widows of the late sultan did not hesitate to say that Lalla R'Kia was instrumental in his sudden departure from the world, and during the brief interim which always marks the death of a ruler of Morocco, when law is suspended and private vengeances are executed without fear, Lalla R'Kia was in mortal danger.

But the acute Circassian managed to protect herself and her son, and the "white sultan," as he is to be called, was soon, thanks to her adroitness, recognized by all the late ministers of the dusky Muley-Hassan.

Young Abdul Aziz is really but a child. He has not yet completed his thirteenth year. His father was the color of a new bronze statue. The son has the delicious and delicate whiteness of the Circassian mother. The latter is already weeding out the harem of the late, and luxurious Muley. The son, under Moroccan law, inherits from the father the 2,000 wives, and is obliged to support them in becoming style until their death. The cunning Circassian is said to have an able ally in the person of the present Vizier of Foreign Affairs, an old man of 60, who has in times past given proof of great diplomatic skill. He is, like Lalla R'Kia, not prejudiced against the western world, and under the guidance of these two minds the young sultan may have a remarkable future. The mother must, of course, for some years have much influence over the son, unless by one of those strange hazards so frequent in the Orient some advisers should poison his mind against her, in which case all her bright plans and ambitions would come to naught, and she would find a grave under some old cypress in a half-forgotten nook of the palace gardens. But she means to have her day.

The new sultan will always travel accompanied by thirty of his wives, and these thirty are faithful sympathizers with his mother, and form a kind of "court party," which will run things to suit itself. Those who have seen Lalla R'Kia mounted on her horse, riding beside her youthful monarch son at one of the morning reviews, when the sultan goes forth on horseback to review his motley army of 15,000 or 20,000 men, all of whom go dashing before him on their superb Arab horses, brandishing their guns with a dexterity which no other people can equal, say that the bright Circassian has all the energy of a general and the sprightliness of a diplomat. Now and then in her dress she adopts some little hint of western frivolity; but it is only a hint. The time has not yet come for the innovations which may be expected if her life is spared, and which will cause the veil to fall from the sensuous and graceful face of Morocco.

Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER

Buy Big 25c. Bottle

NO OTHER MEDICINE ON EARTH is so efficacious for Colic, Canadian Cholera, Cramps, Chills, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and all Bowel Complaints.

OTTAWA IMPRESSIONS.

What the Colonial Delegates Would See in Canadian Politics.

Many of the delegates to the intercolonial conference are not politicians, in the narrow, partisan significance of that word, but are statesmen of high standing. Naturally they would study the constitution under which Canada is governed, they would examine some of our laws, they would especially notice the practical workings of the legislature now in session. The report which they will carry homeward of Canada's wealth of natural resources, of her unsurpassed, magnificent scenery, of her broad, deep rivers—especial objects of admiration those, in their eyes—and chains of boundless lakes that are seas, of her many excellent harbors and vast timber limits, of the richness of the soil, the salubrity of the climate, the people's enterprise, perseverance and sterling integrity—the report of all this will be an honor to Canada, of which every Canadian may justly feel proud. But what of their observations of the workings of our legislature? Here is a young nation, the proud scion of the great empire, a nation of industrious, brave, capable people, a nation tolerating a clique, within a government, a clique contemptible and despised by all honest, patriotic citizens, of whatever party.

What will be the delegates' impressions of the legislative assembly? Doubtless their impressions have been taken from what they have seen during the present session; and a sorry looking record is the history of the government's feeble, vacillating administration, exhibiting sometimes weak terror and inability, often thorough dishonesty, and always shift and evasion to hide its own blunders and follies. Against this dark picture stands the relieving aspect of supporters honest enough to be disgusted with the proceedings, and of a vigorous opposition warring against dishonesty, and, brightest incident of all, Mr. Corby's action in acknowledging himself in the wrong and promptly doing what was right, irrespective of consequences to himself. The delegates would hear of a finance minister who recognized the need for tariff reform enough to introduce a bill, but who had not the courage to face the opposition of contributors to election funds, and who hastened at their warnings to change, by means of 'clerical errors,' his reformed tariff into a deformed tariff.

They will hear of another case, where the auditor-general, whose position is secure, independent of parliament, refused to be blind to cooked accounts, and hear how the unblushing manipulators, endeavoring to evade investigation, tried to smuggle these accounts through the house in other reports. Such was the "hard-pan" scandal.

At the mention of "bridges" even the most courteous colonial visitor must conjure up the deprecating smile. One day the investigating committee discovers that where the timekeeper had entered 434 days' work, the jobbing contractors paid for 534. One day a competent engineer declares that a bridge should cost $140,000, and the books show a waste of $390,000 of public funds. Again, an official coolly gives evidence that he burned some of the books to frustrate investigation. Constantly such amazing discrepancies confront each other as 708 days' work, 1794 days' work paid for; day work should amount to $1425, the pay list did amount to $3706; 819 men working, 1020 men charged in the accounts. The infamy of the Curran bridge scandal will not only cause shame in Canada, but the story of the audacious dishonesty will be told in all the British colonies in the world.

If, at the mention of bridges the delegates cannot conceal a smile of contempt, unless their disgust is too great for expression, at the mention of canals they will laugh outright. First, there was that little ditch, the little 'Haggart ditch,' or Tay Canal, that cost the country the small total of $476,000, the yearly interest on which amounts to $20,000, the running expenses to $2400, the official returns of traffic recording that one scow, one skiff, two yachts and a tug had at different times disturbed the calm waters. Considering the cost and running [illegible] yet more astonishing. The books show receipts of $135 for the whole outlay. Well might an Artemus Ward ask: "Why is this thusness?" And the thorough explanation of 'this thusness' can only be obtained from the Hon. John Haggart, who does not say more than he thinks fit on the subject.

The Cornwall Canal evidences quite as much incompetency and bungling as manoeuvring to place a little campaign money jar at the tap of the public treasury. In the first place $125,000 was expended on a contract that was afterwards cancelled, which cancellation cost the country another $30,000. Then a new contract was let to Davis & Sons for $384,000. More extravagant, or stupid mismanagement, could scarcely be imagined.

Hearing that Mr. Tarte had charged three Quebec judges with partisan conduct, and with drawing money under false pretenses, the delegates would be sure to learn of that disgraceful perversion of justice, in a maritime province, where one judge interfered in party politics and another wreaked personal vengeance on a prisoner for making accusations, which this judge knew to be too well founded. Dishonesty and misuse of public money are bad enough; but an unclean bench and the abuse of law are very much worse. It would be thought that, even from motives of expediency, the Ottawa ministry would censure such conduct and repudiate any claims for party consideration that the judge should make. Instead, when he retires to escape impeachment, the government, by a special enactment, provides for him the superannuation pension.

While the delegates were present in Ottawa, Mr. Edgar's motion against Sir Hector Langevin and Sir Adolphe Caron was introduced. It censured both politicians for the corruptions of their elections in 1887. Imagine the horror and astonishment of delegates coming from countries where bribery is regarded as a heinous crime, when they learned that Sir Adolphe Caron under oath admitted he had received $25,000 for election expenses, and that Sir Hector Langevin's election cost $13,000, and that an average of $20 a vote was paid in his constituency.

Add to this worthy catalogue the case of the Turcotte whitewash, that mean and partisan trick of dismissing the Georgetown postmaster, the culpable carelessness of the government in the matter of the cattle embargo, the report that immigration expenses amounted to $180,077 with no results worth notice, the fact that Canada with a population of less than five million, yet has a debt of $240,528,000, that a bill to prevent bribing, was, for obvious reasons, thrown out, that the government was coerced by their own commissioner into ratifying a treaty of which the ministers themselves did not approve, what must be the impression carried away by these delegates sent from the Cape, Australia and England? Doubtless the same conviction will force itself upon the delegates as Canadians have been compelled to accept, that the present government has had such a long lease of power that it has entirely forgotten responsibility to the source of all power, the Canadian people.—Winnipeg Free Press.

Miscellany.

The word "calico" has a queer origin. Many centuries ago the first monarch of the province of Malabar, in Hindostan, gave to one of his chiefs as a reward for distinguished services, his sword and all the land within the limits of which a cock crowing at a certain temple could be heard. From this circumstance the little town which grew up in the centre of this territory was called Calleeda, or "The Cock Crowing." Afterwards it was called Calicut, and from this place the first cotton goods were imported into England bearing the word calico.

Of considerable importance and interest especially to people who care about trees and flowers, is the secret possessed by the Japanese guild of gardeners of stunting the growth of trees, says a writer in the New York Tribune. I do not think there is any white man who has ever been able to solve the mystery which surrounds the method by means of which the Japanese agriculturists can dwarf cedar trees and oaks so that, gnarled, mossy and showing indisputable signs of being hundreds of years old, they are not more than two or three feet feet in height. The object of thus stunting the growth of these trees is worth while relating. The Japanese are personally fond of gardening, not as we understand it—that is to say, beds of flowers, etc.—but of the landscape order, and almost every house holder endeavors to have a garden, no matter how small, attached to his residence. Now, in cities and towns, where space is limited, there is manifestly no room for landscape gardening of the ordinary character. The bridges, the ponds, the hills, the pagodas and the temples and trees would take up too much room. Accordingly the ingenious gardener contrives everything on a miniature scale. The river is but a rivulet, the grass-covered hill but a few feet high, the temple the size of a doll's house and the pond no bigger than a large sized pocket handkerchief. Of coure full-sized trees would appear incongruous, therefore the gardeners have managed to dwarf them until they are in keeping with the miniature landscape. How it is done no one outside the guild knows, and the secret is as jealously preserved as those of the Masonic order.

Like a ship without a rudder is a man or a woman without health and the necessary strength to perform the ordinary duties of life. When the appetite fails, when debility, and a disordered condition of the stomach, liver, kidney, and bowels assail

GILLETT'S

PURE POWDERED 100%

LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 10 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders for the construction of sewers within the area Described in by-law No. 231 and Known as "The Sewerage Commissioners and Sewerage Assessment By-Law," will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday next the 13th instant, at 4 p.m.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, August 6th, 1894.

THE . . . .

WORLD'S NEWS

FOR TWO DOLLARS.

The WEEKLY TIMES is an epitome of the affairs of the world, telling its news concisely and ably presenting every important local, national or international event truthfully and impartially. It is a weekly visitor which brings the world and its doings at your door, and its cost is but two dollars for the entire year.

THE WEEKLY TIMES,

Liberal in politics, independent in its principles, it treats the living issues of the day impartially, fearlessly and truthfully. It is of the people and for the people, and it talks to the people with honest candor, seeking to set all aright on matters of local or national importance.

It Gives You the News

It tells the news, all the news, and nothing but the news. It tells the news truthfully and fairly. The WEEKLY TIMES is a pure newspaper. Bright without sensationalism; newsy without resort to questionable padding.

Tells You the Markets

It tells you the markets accurately. A careful weekly compilation of current prices for the local and national markets. It furnishes market news upon which you may deal with safety. Its market reports are alone worth the price of subscription.

Tells Your Family Bright Stories

The WEEKLY TIMES has literary departments for the women folks. It has bright bits of verse, interesting stories, tales of life; tells of woman's work and what the gentler sex is doing. Above all, the WEEKLY TIMES is a live newspaper, made for home circle reading.

TIMES P. & P. CO.,

VICTORIA, B. C.

Canada

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT . .

Owing to the absence of so many upon holidays and the dullness of trade during the hot summer months, the publishers of the Art Portfolio of Canada (which has been announced for some weeks back in these columns) have decided upon suspending publication until September 15th next.

Parts one to eight can be had upon application.

Number nine will appear September 15th and one part each week thereafter until series is completed.

Canada is a perfect gem and should have a place in every Canadian household.

Use the Victoria Times Want Columns. Moderate Cost, Amazing Results.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,

R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.

Victoria, B.C., March 16, 1894.

NO. 234.

A BY-LAW

To Amend the Revenue By-law, 1893.

Be it enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. Section 7 of the Revenue By-Law, 1893, is hereby repealed and the following section is hereby substituted therefor and shall form part of the said by-law.

7. The procedure for enforcing sections 2 and 3 of this by-law and the schedule referred to therein shall be those prescribed by the Municipal Act, 1892. In all other cases every person who is guilty of an infraction of any of the provisions of this by-law shall, upon conviction thereof in a summary manner before the police magistrate or any two justices of the peace having jurisdiction in the said city, be liable for every such offence, and shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars and costs, and if such penalty and costs be not paid either immediately or within such period as such police magistrate or justices may appoint, the same may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, and in default of sufficient distress the offender may be imprisoned with or without hard labor for any term not exceeding three calendar months unless such costs and penalty be sooner paid."

This by-law may be cited as the "Revenue By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 24th day of July, 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, 1894.

(L.S.) JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 30th day of July, A.D. 1894, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard on that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

Separate tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 20th day of August instant, at 4 p.m., for supplying to the Corporation the necessary engines and boilers, dynamos and lamps, complete, for the proposed Electric Light Station.

Specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B.C., August 1, 1894.

The Dead Advertise Not.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homœopathic Society, British Gynœcological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul2-tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 16 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 453.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery or Lombard's Music Store.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Lancaster No. 7765, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
2d13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja18 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy23 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E.
1-19

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
R. U. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping promptly attended to. Lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 198

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. HUMBER,
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College,
Has opened Dental Parlors at 93 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

Gold and Silver Extraction.

The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ld., of Glasgow, (the MacArthur Forrest Cyanide Process),
Is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.
All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.
All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. je21

NAVAL CONTRACTS

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Saturday, the 25th August instant, for supplying such quantities of fresh beef, mutton, vegetables, soft bread, biscuit, sugar, tea, flour, salt beef, milk, butter, eggs, fowls, firewood, lime, coffins and digging graves, as may be required for naval purposes.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Forms of tender can be obtained at this office.
F. SYDNEY DOBBIN,
Acting Naval Storekeeper.
Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, August 3, 1894.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCURSION
...TO... SEATTLE
Sunday, Aug. 12

The STEAMER ROSALIE will leave Turner's Wharf SUNDAY MORNING, August 12th, at 7 a.m., for Seattle. Returning will leave Seattle at 9 p.m.

FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP, $1.50.

State rooms and tickets may be procured at the Great Northern Railway office, and tickets may be obtained at H. L. Salmon's, Government street.

A Balloon Ascension takes place at Madison Street Park in the afternoon.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

FARMER'S CONVENTION.

The quarterly meeting of the Directors of Fruit Growers' Association will be held at Agassiz on Friday, August 10, at 5 p.m.

The Dairymen's Association will meet at same place at close of Fruit Growers' meeting.

Saturday, August 11, will be a field day on the Experimental Farm. Agricultural questions will be discussed on Friday and Saturday evenings.

All interested are invited. Cheap rates of fare are being secured.

Further particulars from
A. H. B. MACGOWAN,
Secretary.
Vancouver, July 25.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3m

WANTED—A house to rent at $15; must be situated near centre of city, or near car line. Send particulars to "Thomas," Times office. jy24

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Three cushion tire Rudge bicycles; or to rent. C. A. Godson, 15 1-2 Broad street. a1-tf

FOR SALE—Several horses. Apply at 127 Douglas street. jly26-tf

TO LET.

WANTED—Furnished house to rent; conveniently situated. Address "Tenant," P.O. Box 147. a6-2t

TO LET—Store at tram switch 27 Government street; rent $20 per month; inquire at 29 Government street. a2-6t

TO LET—Cosy cottage, South Turner St.; five rooms; bath; garden. Apply Skene Lowe, 45 Carr street. a1-tf

TO LET—A well furnished seven-roomed house on car line. Apply between 12 and 2 at 63 Superior street. jly25-tf

FIRST CLASS, well-furnished rooms to let, and housekeeping accommodation at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior St. jy16

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

MISCELLANEOUS

DRESSMAKER wishes sewing by the day in private families. Address No. 10 Caledonia avenue. a6-2t

WANTED—A low covered Buggy, with seat in front; also harness; cheap. Apply 131 Quadra street. aug6-2t

A GOLD MINE in this adv. for you. Send at once. Your name neatly printed on 12 lovely cards (hidden name), 1 package comic acquaintance cards, dictionary of dreams, songs, recipes and sheet of scraps for 15 cents. Salem Card Co., Yarmouth, N. S. jy28-1m

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—Brit sh University Graduates. University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply
PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
fe13 s,m,t&w 1y]

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN.)
Removed to 190 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road.

Looking for an Heir.

New York, Aug. 7.—Superintendent Byrnes received a telegram yesterday from Jeremiah O'Connell, of Milwaukee, who asks if any trace can be found of his son James, who left Milwaukee for this city a year ago. If young O'Connell is alive he is entitled to $50,000, which was left to him, his father says, by his grandmother. The elder O'Connell's address is "Care W. U. Telegraph Co., Milwaukee, Wis." He says he will give a reward for information of his son, whether dead or alive.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 87 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

The Daily Times.

P. P. A. DISCIPLINE.

One very marked feature of the new political organization in Ontario is their inclination to maintain strict discipline among their members. A few days ago several members of the Oxford lodge of Patrons were expelled because they had voted for the Liberal candidate instead of the nominee of their order. It seems that a similar course is being followed by the P. P. A., if the following article in the Toronto Globe is correct:

It has been learned that in many of the constituencies on the eve of the election the political bosses of the P. P. A. sought out the members of the order who had been Liberals or who were suspected of sympathy for Liberal candidates, and threatened them with expulsion from the order on the ground of violation of their oath if they dared to vote against the Conservative party. Not a few who voted for the Liberal candidate in defiance of the bosses have been expelled. Other suspects are undergoing "investigation." It is well that this system of intimidation should be made the subject of inquiry in the election courts. Neither plutocrat, priest nor secret order may be allowed to attack the liberty of the citizen and punish him for the free exercise of the franchise. This order sought to carry elections by the exercise of intimidation, just as a few years ago priests in Quebec sought by the same means to defeat the candidates of the Liberal party.

Every election in which the secret order exercised its powers of intimidation should be voided, just as the courts should stand between the citizen and any attempt at the exercise of undue clerical influence. It is a scandal that a Liberal should be investigated into as professedly Protestant order and then be expelled therefrom by Tory bosses because he would not vote for a Tory candidate. And if we read the signs aright Liberals who do not withdraw in time will be expelled after the next federal election if they fail to vote for the candidates of Sir John Thompson. Mr. Madill is a playmate of Mr. Clarke Wallace. The Grand Sovereign takes his orders from Sir John Thompson. Brother Madill and Brother Wallace march hand in hand in the cause of Protestantism. Sir John Thompson leads on, the real chief of the P. P. A. and the Orange order. This may be good politics for the grand old party, but Liberals are not likely to run at the heels of the combination.

There is one other respect in which the P. P. A. is expected to serve the Conservative party. Very many workmen have learned that the promises of the protectionists are dust and ashes. They have discovered that good wages are subsidiary to fat dividends, that protection breeds combinations, that combinations put up prices, keep down competition and put down wages, close up mills in order to limit the supply of work, reduce the demand for labor, and intensify the struggle among workmen for leave to earn their daily bread. These facts have come home to the workmen, and there is danger that here, as in the United States, the masses of labor will at last cast their votes against the bosses of the protected interests. Hence there is hope and comfort in the fact that the P. P. A. is strong in many industrial establishments. The vote that the protectionist bosses cannot swing for protection may be rounded up by the Tory bosses of the secret order. All things work together for protection and the Tory party and against the workmen and his fellow burden bearers in the glorious cause of high taxation. P.P.A.-ism and "civil and religious liberty," protectionism and industrial slavery, march on triumphantly under the leadership of Sir John Thompson.

The Globe is of course unfriendly to the P. P. A.—or C. P. A., as its new name hath it—and its statements might be represented as prejudiced. But the Mail is friendly to the organization, wherefore the following testimony from its columns may be taken as certainly showing that a disciplining process is certainly going on in the ranks of the association:

The results of the provincial elections have been very unsatisfactory to many of the prominent members of the Canadian Protective Association and grave dissatisfaction has arisen in various places. It is reported that more than [illegible] have signed a demand for a special meeting of the grand council to consider the charges of inefficiency, incompetency and other allegations against a certain officer of the order.

With the expulsion of recalcitrant members and the investigation of a prominent officer, the P. P. A. is no doubt having an interesting time. The whole province is also having an interesting time of it, in the matter of politics.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

At the annual meeting of the Cobden club the following note from Mr. Gladstone to M. Leon Say, the French political economist, was read. It was written in reply to an address of regret on the occasion of Mr. Gladstone's retirement from politics:

"My Dear M. Leon Say: I am alike touched and gratified by the letter which I have had the honor to receive from you and your distinguished coadjutors. I must also express my admiration of the courage and fidelity of those who still continue in France to adhere to the principles of commercial legislation which I have the honor and pleasure to hold in common with you. It is a matter of sincere concern to me in retrospect to measure the ground which has been lost within the last twenty-five or thirty years with respect to this great subject, both on the continent of Europe and among the larger portion of what is commonly termed the Anglo-Saxon race. My regret is not only on the ground of the material loss incident to the system of protection, but also because of the power of free trade to promote that good will and amity which we must all earnestly desire to see prevailing between the different countries of the world. On this great subject my own country now remains almost a solitary witness to what was once regarded as established economic truth. Will she persist in this mission in despite of example from abroad and the wavering of dissentient parties and classes at home? I not only hope but believe that she will, and will patiently wait the day when experience, combined with reasoning, shall anew make willing converts to a beneficial creed. In the meantime we have to be patient."

FAILURE OF PROTECTION.

The Australian colonies pinned their faith to protection. Tariffs specially designed to "keep up wages," under circumstances the most favorable of which it is possible to conceive, have in that country had a fair trial. In one of the richest countries of the earth, with a population falling considerably short of two to the square mile, and supported by the most complete existing system of trades unionism, it has not only failed to secure to the people of Australia the boon of continued prosperity, but has brought them face to face with a most appalling, persistent condition of stagnation and destitution. Charitable people and institutions, taxed to the uttermost, found their efforts inadequate to the relief of the prevailing distress. The inevitable soup kitchen appeared, and the hungry thousands seemed but to multiply. Churches and schools were thrown open, to be filled to their utmost with the idle and homeless, and protection, which "keeps up wages"—protection, which "keeps work in the country" and "secures the home market to the people of the country"—protection, which at election times is credited by its votaries with doing so much good for the "workingman," and which is so ready with promises of doing much more in the same direction, utterly failed to do anything for its idle, homeless, hungry, despairing dupes in Australia. New Zealand, too, had its dream of prosperity by means of protection. Its native race before being discovered by civilized man had reached in that favored country and clime the finest physical and mental development, and the greatest degree of plenty and comfort anywhere to be found amongst savage mankind. Surely in such surroundings civilized man, with the knowledge, inventiveness, science, skill, machinery, commerce of civilization in his service, and all their benefits secured to himself in New Zealand by the alchemy of protection, might reasonably be expected to make an equally creditable showing. The experience of the people of New Zealand corresponded with that of every other people cursed with the protective delusion. Four years ago their work people in thousands, idle and destitute, their business men driven to insolvency, their financial institutions breaking up, their public credit all but bankrupt, the people of New Zealand were compelled by necessity to adopt a more liberal trade policy, and less than three years afterwards, in the spring of the present year, in the colonial reports of the Imperial government, they rank first in prosperity among British colonies. We have seen that in every English speaking country, idleness, poverty, destitution, misery, has after a lengthened period of the operation of a protective policy fallen to the lot of the great mass of the producing classes, and stagnation, depression and loss to business men. The advocates and defenders of protection may assert that this condition of things existing in any or all countries where protection is in operation, it does not necessarily follow that it exists as a result of protection. But it does follow that this being the case the claims that protection promotes prosperity, "keeps up wages," benefits the people of a country by retaining for them the "home market," falls to the ground. And with it the last vestige of any just excuse for its continuance.

But we have seen that protection in any country where it has obtained possession of power, even when a bitter experience has proven the falsity of the claims made on its behalf, dies hard. In England it resisted the curtailing of its privileges till the foundations of society seemed tottering to their fall. In the United States, despite the expressed will of the nation that the time has come when it must relinquish its pretentions, at the sacrifice of every consideration which would entitle them to the respect of their fellow-citizens, its representatives in legislation refuse save on their own terms to assist in terminating a crisis which seems to endanger the very existence of republican institutions. In New South Wales and Victoria the long drawn out battle against protection, and our own experience in the last session of the Canadian parliament, bring out in clear relief the true nature of the struggle which lies before us as the price of release from protective shackles.

If protection does cause poverty and distress for producers, and consequent stagnation and depression in business (which it is our purpose to prove), and even if it is not responsible for these things, but fails to produce prosperity, why then should it exist and be able to retain so strong a hold among reasoning, intelligent people possessed of responsible government?

Self-preservation is the first law of nature. It is a law of our being that man's first care should be of himself and to get for himself. Unthinking, unreasoning men are ever intensely selfish, and narrowly so. It is only as man's mental powers assert themselves, and his natural propensities are brought into subjection to them, that a broader, wiser selfishness points his course of action. The unthinking child covets and eats the green apple to his hurt; with the matured judgment of manhood his selfishness leads him to abstain that he may enjoy the ripened fruit. In an earlier day men rudely denied to others religious freedom with the object of securing the advancement of their own faith. In our own more enlightened age, and with truer foresight, men demand religious tolerance for those who differ from them, with the same object. Man's unthinking selfishness leads him to seek the gratification of his desires by what seems to be the most direct course; more advanced in intelligence, he seeks a larger gratification by patiently trusting to liberty and conforming his methods to justice. Protection appeals to narrow selfishness. It makes one set of men the beneficiaries of the robbery of another, and retains the favor of many of those whom it robs by recouping them with a share of the spoil. Having obtained the confidence of the electorate by indirect bribery, it secures the services of majorities among their representatives by more direct means. Election funds are forthcoming, and Red Parlor magnates dictate the course of legislation, and it is only by the cultivation and exercise of an enlightened selfishness we can hope to escape its thraldom to find a larger gratification in the blessings that spring from free trade.

INTRA MUROS.

PRICES OF GROCERIES.

To the Editor: You will have noticed from "ads" in your valuable paper, as well as from "dodgers" which have lately been profusely scattered about the city showing the advantages that cash has over credit in the prices of the necessaries of life. As hard times is claimed to be the cause of this happy state of affairs to the consumer, it may be naturally asked why cash purchasers were charged to the tune they were in the past, especially the workingman with a large family, to whom every dollar was a consideration, and, seeing we have to live whether times are hard or prosperous, which practical lesson is pretty well known and taught by those who handle the good things of this life. Is one therefore to infer that the present revolution in prices of groceries is to be attributed to a dissolution of a certain combine that may have existed in days gone by, or have some of the grocers of Victoria learned that such tactics are opposed to the policy of "free trade," which includes square dealing and reasonable competition, and, sure to prove the most profitable in the end.

WORKINGMAN.

Victoria, B. C., August 6th, 1894.

The Only Genuine
Bankrupt stock sale of dress goods in the city now on at Russell & McDonald's.

STARVED HIS SON.

A Father's Means of Saving His Own Soul.

Cincinnati, Aug. 7.—Salvation Army circles of this city are much exercised over the attempt of one member to starve his own son to death in order to save his (the father's) soul. The father is George M. Holmes, a Cunninsville carpenter. Four nights ago, Holmes says, the spirit of Abraham appeared and commanded him to starve his son William to death as a sacrifice. Holmes consulted the boy, who is not particularly bright, and the lad consented. For forty-eight hours he went without food, and then he begged his father day and night for something to eat. He became so urgent in his appeals that he was locked in a room by his father and told that the commandment of the spirit of Abraham must be obeyed. On Sunday the son told his father that he thought he could stand straving better if he were permitted to attend one more meeting of the Army. His father released the boy and escorted him to church, when William, who had obtained his father's revolver during the preparation, poked the weapon in Holmes' face and demanded food. Holmes saw that his son was in deadly earnest, and taking him to a neighboring restaurant bought him food. There is much indignation over the matter, and Holmes' neighbors in Cunninsville talk of white capping him.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises.
Chilblains, Bunions,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

To the Electors: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote J. W. MELLOR, Fort Street, Above Douglas.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Carter House billiard and pool parlors, Duck Building, Broad street. tf.

—Robert Cassidy was yesterday appointed official law reporter to the bar.

—The directors of the Jubilee hospital will meet this evening at the office of Yates & Jay.

—A special meeting of Victoria lodge, K. of P., is to be held on Wednesday evening to consider by-laws.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—The "Gleaners" of the First Presbyterian church will give an entertainment to-morrow night. An interesting time is expected.

—The garden fete at Cloverdale to-day, which opens at three o'clock, will continue until 8:30 o'clock for the accommodation of those who cannot go out early in the day.

—We are just in the midst of the "friut season," and Weilers are selling their preserve jars, etc., in large quantities, and why? They are Mason's and the best you can get.

—Antoine Lynn, a carriage driver who failed to properly display lights, was fined $4 in the police court this morning. He was summoned under the provisions of the hack by-law covering the point.

—The steamer Maude returned from Alberni last evening. She brought the first shipment of brown wrapping paper from the new mill. This week the company will make manila paper and next week white paper.

—Milton Lodge, Sons of St. George, and Victoria lodge, Daughters of St. George, attended St. Saviour's church, Victoria West, on Sunday afternoon. There was a large attendance and Rev. W. D. Barber preached an interesting sermon.

—There will be a meeting of the council of the board of trade to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock, at which it is expected that Samuel Collyer, secretary of the Tacoma chamber of commerce, will be present. He will make a statement as to the interstate fair.

—Miss Lou Ross, Miss Georgie Dashfield and Miss Mabel Dexter were convicted in the police court this morning of having been found drunk. They were each fined $10 and $2 costs, in default of which they were each given the option of a month in jail. The fines will very likely be paid during the day.

—A serial story entitled "Collabaratteus," by Samuel D. Schultz, the well known barrister, was commenced in last week's issue of the Home Journal. The first part of it is very interesting, and the second instalment is awaited with interest. The scenes are placed in the far east, but many will easily pick out some local pictures which are cleverly drawn.

—An old man named Woods was charged with vagrancy in the police court this morning. After hearing all the evidence offered by the police the case was remanded for two days, as the testimony was not sufficient to secure a conviction. When the case comes up again if there is not more and stronger evidence brought out the case will be dismissed.

—Pride of the Ridge lodge, No. 37, I. O. G. T., installed the following officers last night: C. T., Mr. Thompson; V.T., Miss Schultz; Secretary, Mr. Carter; F. Sec., Mr. Mallett; Treas., Miss Dobald; Mar., Miss Jamasan; D. M., Mr. Matthews; Guard, Miss A. Jamasan; Sen., Mr. Thomas; Chap., Miss Carlow; P. C. T., Miss Lewis. This lodge meets every Monday night at 8 o'clock.

—Ald. Baker made a very good suggestion at last evening's meeting of the council. When the water supply was being discussed he proposed that the city should flush the sewers at night. They would then answer two purposes, viz., clean out the sewers and the water mains. If this was kept up every night for a week the pipes would, it is claimed, be in pretty good condition.

—The ladies 'committee of the Protestant Orphans' Home acknowledge the following donations in June and July: Table, three carpets and clothing, Mrs. F. W. Vincent; flowers, Mrs. Eagles; books and toys, Mrs. Prior; eleven pairs large and eight pairs small drawers, two pinafore aprons and three dresses, Stonyhurst Working party; clothing, Mrs. Archibald, Mrs. Askew, Mrs. A. Borthwick; magazines, Miss Corfield; invitation to St. Andrew's Sunday school picnic at Goldstream; invitation to Methodist picnic at Sidney; invitation to St Andrew's and Caledonian picnic in Caledonia park; rhubarb, lettuce and dripping, Mrs. Jackson; invitation to Sidney railway company; clothing, bedstead and three mattresses, Mrs. Earle; "Chatterbox," "Infant's Magazine," "The Prize" and other papers, Mrs. Brocklehurst; Scotch collie pup, Mr. Merritt; Newfoundland pup, Mr. Yates; peas, Mrs. Jackson, a friend; cherries, Mr. Hayward; hair cutting, Mr. Webber, Fort street; rhubarb, raspberries and dripping, Mr. Jack; black currants, Mrs. Preece; milk (daily) Mr. Knowles.

—Family scales at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—You can combine pleasure with labor by the use of the "Acme" or "Peerless" clothes wringers. Weiler Bros. have them.

—A meeting of the Liberal Association will be held on Friday evening at Philharmonic hall. The association will discuss the question of tendering a reception to Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, the Liberal leader, during his visit to the coast. It is probable that Mr. Laurier will address a public meeting here.

—The case of James Myers, found in the possession of a pair of trousers and other articles the property of Robert Jamieson, and also some theatrical goods, was before Magistrate Macrae this morning and his case was remanded until to-morrow. Myers was employed by Jamieson as a stage carpenter and his petty pilfering is supposed to have extended over a long period.

—Lord and Lady Randolph Churchill, and his lordship's private secretary, Mr. Keith, will arrive from Vancouver this evening, having engaged a suite at the Driard. They will spend several days in Victoria, leaving for San Francisco by the next direct steamer sailing on Saturday evening. From San Francisco they go to Japan. Lord Randolph Churchill has been very ill, and the trip is being made with a view of improving his health.

—William Brown, assistant general freight agent of the C. P. R., lies dangerously ill at Vancouver with a fever, and his recovery is a matter of grave doubt. He has a bad fever, and for several days past his temperature has hovered about close to the fatal figures. "Bill" Brown is one of the most popular railroad men in the west, and a large circle of friends will await with anxiety the outcome of his sickness. He is at at his home in Vancouver, and for several days now all visitors have been denied admittance.

—The programme of the concert to be given by the B. C. B. G. A. band at Mount Baker hotel, Oak Bay, Wednesday evening, August 8th, commencing at 8.15 sharp, is as follows: March, Occidetal, Sousa; Overture, Il Trovatore, Verdi; request number; selection, Trip to Chinatown, Gaunt; intermission; Concert Polonaise, Mountain Heights, Keisler; Waltzes, Vinus Reigen, Gungl; request number; A Night's Frolic, Herman—descriptive fantasia on drinking songs depicting a party of young men "out on a lark" from midnight until 5 a.m. God Save the Queen.

—Ah Jim, a Chinaman with an unbalanced mind, was taken in charge by the provincial police yesterday afternoon, and is in the cells at the law courts building. He got hold of a big knife and tried his best to get a lunge at his brother's throat. The complaint against him was made by his brother. Jim was brought down from the north on the Boscowitz a month ago, he having developed evidences of insanity while at work on the Skeena. He was examined at the time, but it was not regarded as necessary to confine him. He will very likely go to the asylum this trip, however.

—William Jackson, summoned on an information sworn to by Ah Horn, charging him with keeping a gambling house at 45 Fisgard street, continuously and at divers and sundry times from July 29th last until August 4th, contrary to section 98 of the criminal code, was in the police court this morning, accompanied by A. L. Belyea. Lindley Crease was there to prosecute. Neither side seemed ready to go on, and the case was adjourned until August 10th. Jack McDonald, similarly charged, except that the house was at 41 1-2 Fisgard street, was represented by S. Perry Mills. Mr. Crease was announced as the private prosecutor in that case also. It was also decided to adjourn the latter case until August 10th. The Times was in error when it stated that Mr. McDonald was employed by Mr. Jackson. They run separate institutions.

—The Empress of India sailed for the Orient last night. Among the passengers who boarded the ship here were Hon. P. le Poer Trench, British minister to Tokio, and Dr. George H. Duncan of Victoria. The general list was as follows: H. F. Anderson, Montreal; Miss Belton, Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Buffington, E. Buffington and Miss Buffington, Winnipeg; C. Bourgeois, Yokohama; S. A. Crosier, jr., Philadelphia; Rev. and Mrs. Howard Campbell, New York; Rev. Mr. Chubb, Liverpool; Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Denman, Mrs. A. Dunbar and Miss Dunbar, New York; Mrs. E. Evelyn Gibbs and A. J. Holt, London; Colonel Edward C. James and Miss James, New York; E. Kellman, Kobe; Miss Lamley, Toronto; E. Livingstone, Manchester; J. E. MacRae, Hong Kong; J. McLellan, Liverpool; F. McNutt, Washington; J. R. McMillan, New York; Miss Munroe, Toronto; G. M. H. Playfair, London; Miss Rickards, Vancouver; G. Schoffler, Tokio; Miss Strickland, New York; O. Stuebel, Shanghai; Rev. Sidney Swan, Japan; Miss Wilson, Japan; H. W. White, New York; Mrs. L. G. White and Miss H. A. White, Worcester.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

"CORONAS" $4 per doz.
Former price $7, and a large CRAYON, $1.
"Coronas are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

GEORGE THOMPSON DROWNED.

His Body Found Floating in the Harbor this Morning.

The body of George Thompson, an old and respected citizen of Victoria, was found floating in the harbor shortly after 6 o'clock this morning. The body had not been in the water more than a few minutes, for life was just about extinct. The body was first seen by Mr. Bissett, of the Sidney hotel, who was boarding the Joan to go home. It was floating near the side of the steamer, and a rope was easily passed around the head by one of the crew of the Joan. It was raised to the wharf and a little later turned over to the provincial police, who had it removed to Hayward's undertaking parlors. The body was seen on the wharf by a number of men, and very likely because the rope was still around it the report was circulated that Mr. Thompson had committed suicide. As far as the investigation of the case has proceeded that report is unwarranted, for nothing has been found to support it to any material extent. Mr. Thompson has for some time been a sufferer from insomnia, and frequently arose in the night or early in the morning and took long walks. He returned home last night and retired as usual, and, as was his custom, arose very early this morning. No one has been found who saw him this morning, and the rest is bare supposition. A newsboy named Carl, who was at the Joan, heard a splash in the water, and told the mate of the steamer that he believed one of the sheep that were being shipped north had fallen overboard. The mate said that was impossible, and no one went to see. It is said that Mr. Thompson in discussing the Rowbotham case yesterday with a friend stated that he wished he could die, as he had nothing more to live for. He recently bought the Ship's Inn, on Wharf street, and business there was very poor, but his income from his property should have prevented any worry on that score. The deceased was about 60 years of age, and had lived here for about 30 years. He was a baker by trade, and left that business to open a saloon. He amassed a comfortable fortune, having about $35,000. He had no immediate relatives living here. There will be an inquest at the provincial police headquarters this evening at 7 o'clock. The funeral will probably be arranged by the Royal Arch Chapter, A. F. & A. M., of which the deceased was a member.

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES.

A Montreal Firm Makes the Highest Bid for Bonds.

Tenders were received up to August 1st for city of Victoria debentures, amounting in all to $160,000. Of this amount $100,000 was under the sewerage loan by-law, $35,000 under the Jubilee hospital loan by-law and $25,000 under the agricultural society loan by-law. Five tenders were received for the whole amount, one for $5,000 worth of debentures, one for the agricultural society loan and one for $20,000 of the sewerage debentures. The tenders were as follows:

Manager Bank of B. N. A., $5,000 of any, 100 1-2.
Manager Bank of B. N. A. city, $100,000, 99.
Robert Ward & Co., $160,000, 99.
Hansen Bros., Montreal, $160,000, 99 5-6.
Dalby & Claxton, $160,000, 99 3-5.
G. Gillespie, $25,000, exhibition loan, 98 1-8.
Andrew Keating, $20,000, sewerage loan, 101.
Dunsmuir Estate, $160,000, 98.

It was understood that negotiations were being carried on with Hansen Bros., the highest tenderers.

Cheap Rates to the East and Return.

The Northern Pacific Railway has made a rate of $72.75 to Washington, D. C., and return, on account of the biennial session of the Supreme Lodge, K. of P., and $66.50 to Pittsburg, Pa., and return for the Grand Army of the Republic encampment.

Tickets good for sixty days from date of sale.

This gives intending passengers a rare opportunity for a cheap trip to all points east and return.

For further information call on or address

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agent N. P. R. Co., Victoria, B.C.

Bankrupt Stock of Dress Goods

54 pieces of dress tweeds, cashmeres, serges, soliel cloths and fancy dress goods at Russell & McDonald's.

PERSONAL.

H. V. Burner, of Vancouver, is in the city.

J. E. Armstrong has returned from the Peace River country.

A. H. Castle, of the firm of Castle Bros., San Francisco, is in the city.

Geo. C. Shaw, of this city, sailed for Liverpool on the Parisian from Montreal on the 28th ult.

C. H. Barnwell, formerly connected with the steamship system of the Great Northern, is in the city.

Ven. H. Kingham, rector of Christ Church, Lacrosse, Wis., is in the city visiting Rev. Canon Paddon.

Mrs. M. Ryan and her daughters, Mrs. L. Timmons and Miss M. Ryan, leave to-night over the Northern Pacific for Chicago.

James McGregor, member elect for Nanaimo city, and James Punch, ex-M.P.P. for Westminster district, are at the Oriental.

W. J. Dwyer, D.D.G.M.; W. F. Fullerton, district secretary; J. Carter, P.N.G.; and L. D. Cummings, P.N.G., left last evening for Chilliwack to attend the Grand Lodge, I.O. O.F.

Mrs. J. G. Cox and daughter, of 42 Kings road, are visiting Capt. Fraser, of the ship Corolla at Seattle. The ship is loading lumber at Port Blakely and will sail shortly.

Labor Saved . . .
By using Findley's Soaps. Special attention is called to Findley's Borax Soap for washing flannel wear, they will not shrink or discolor, but be soft and white if washed by this soap.
. . . WORKS: Cor. Herald and Govt. Sts.

The British Columbia
SUGAR REFINERY
. . . PRICE LIST . . .

Granulated, in Bbls., or 100 lb., Bags	4¼c. per lb
Yellow, according to quality,	3⅞ to 4¼c. "
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5½c. "
Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6c. per lb.

(Applicable to Lots of 5 Barrels or equal)
Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.
Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.
Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B. C. Sugar See That You Get It.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

WEILER BROS.,
51 to 55 Fort Street.
The following Goods have been received during the last few days:
RATTAN AND BAMBOO GOODS, Great Variety,
WILTON HEARTH RUGS, Special Value,
SEAMLESS WILTON SQUARES, All Sizes,
SEAMLESS TAPESTRY SQUARES, Various Sizes,
BORDERED COCOA MATS,
FIGURED JAPANESE CREPES.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 17.
Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 17 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

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. . . Will be found at . . .
JOHNS BROS.,
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Prices cut all round to suit present hard times.
Money refunded if goods are not as represented—FIRST CLASS.

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Sole Agents R. Dunsmuir & Sons' Wellington Coal.
Special Rates for Carload Lots.
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WANDERERS ON THE EARTH.

The Origin and History of the Gipsies Discussed.

Historians and philologists have settled it among themselves, to their own satisfaction, that the Gipsies came originally from India. A small minority there may be who hold other views; but to those who know the Gipsies and their language, the majority for once seems to be in the right.

Charles Leland is a believer in the theory of Indian origin, and has done much to establish it beyond question. The supposition is that this strange race belonged to the lowest orders of India, from which country they were gradually driven by their own wandering spirit and by conquests and oppression. Rovers and outcasts they must have been at the time of their exodus, and rovers and outcasts they have remained to the present day.

But that the Gipsy had no other history than the history of the slave, the renegade and the vagrant in the land of his nativity, I do not believe. His faithfulness to his race instinct bespeaks a nobler and more ancient origin than is allowed by the theory that he is of the offspring of a mixed community recruited from the various ranks of Indian society. A few hundred years would not suffice to weld together such a heterogeneous mass into a people whose traditions and spirit should survive 2000 years undimmed, and promise to live on for as many more. Only the remnant of a vastly ancient race would be able to scatter over the world, to separate into small groups, to live in every land and clime, to experience the sway of every form of government of which history has account, or which exists to-day, to know the influence of every form of religion and yet to be at the close of the nineteenth century what they were in the days of their expulsion from India, what they were in the middle ages, in no wise changed or changing, always the same, in all lands tellers of fortunes, traders of horses, dealers in mysteries. Though separated for hundreds of years and by leagues of space, they all speak the same language, lead the same life, alike faithful by the sands of Sahara, and by the shores of the Arctic sea, by the flow of the Ganges and by the Mississippi.

The spirit of pride and independence so strongly characteristic of the gipsies is scarcely the heritage of a race whose origin was mean and slavish. A fancy of mine is that the ancestors of our friends of the road were once a sovereign race in India and a race—like the Arabs to-day—of warrior kings; that conquest and subjection followed their supremacy and that they slowly sank into the degraded condition that prevailed before the beginning of their exodus, still cherishing their pride and their free spirit, while cringing to their conquerors, the pitiful remnant of a prehistoric race.

That they passed through Persia and Greece, their language testifies as it also testifies to their vast antiquity, by being closely allied to Sanscrit. That immediately prior to their entrance into Europe a large body of them spent some time in Egypt, is matter of history. From this fact comes their name, Egyptians, Gyptians, gipsies.

They first appeared in Europe before the twelfth century, and in the fourteenth century their numbers were largely augmented. The first notice of them in European literature occurs in the writings of an Austrian monk about 1112, who describes them as Ishmaelites, and says of them much as we might say today; that they "go about peddling through the wide world, having neither house nor home, cheating the people with their tricks and deceiving mankind, but not openly."

In 1417 a band of three hundred wanderers, black as Tartars and calling themselves Secani, appeared at the gates of the German cities. At their head rode a duke and a court splendidly dressed and leading like nobles dogs of the chase; next came a motley crew afoot, the women and the children bringing up the rear in wagons. They bore letters of safe conduct from the Emperor Sigismund. In 1418 they appeared to the number of 1000 at the gates of Zurich, led by Duke Michael, of Little Egypt. In 1422, according to the chronicle of Stumpf, the old Swiss historian, 14,000 of these rogues and vagabonds presented themselves at Basel. On August 17, 1427, a band of them coming from Bohemia approached the gates of Paris, which they were not permitted to enter, the authorities appointing La Chapelle Saint Denis as their place of lodgment. These also were headed by a duke and count, and the company consisted of ten other mounted pilgrims, late renegades of Lower Egypt, whose women practiced palmistry and cleared everybody's pockets.

So the gipsies swept over Europe, penetrating to the remotest parts, telling strange stories of themselves; and day by day the hands that had been extended to welcome them were turned against them and their wanderings. Their favorite account of themselves was that they came originally from Egypt and that their wanderings was a self-imposed penance for a temporary abandonment of the Christian faith. Another account which they frequently gave was that the pope, Martin V., had imposed upon them seven years of wandering, during which they were not to sleep in beds, as a means of expiating their sins.

But persecution soon began against them, and once afoot it followed them swiftly and ruthlessly down the centuries. They were banished, outlawed, burned, hanged, tortured, driven from place to place; those who sheltered or protected them too often shared their fate. Francis I ordered them to quit France on pain of being sent to the galleys without trial whenever caught. In 1560 they were condemned to perpetual banishment. Decrees were issued against them in England by Henry VIII and by Elizabeth. Sir Matthew Hale mentions thirteen gipsies being caught and hanged at the Suffolk assizes for not having obeyed the order to avoid the realm within thirty days. Edict after edict was issued against them in all countries and even as late as 1748 Frederick the Great renewed the law that every gipsy beyond the age of 18 found in his state should be hanged forthwith.

In Scotland they were more kindly received. In 1530 gipsies "dansit before the king at Holyendbous." Johnnie Faw was recognized by James V as "Lord and earle of Little Egypt," and authority was granted him to hang and punish all Egyptians within the realm, sheriffs and other officers being charged to assist him in the government of his turbulent subjects. But in 1541 an act was passed that the "Egyptians pass forth of the realm," under pain of death. In 1624 Helen Faw, a descendant of the "Lord and earle of Little Egypt," together with 15 other women of her family, were condemned to be drowned. However, in 1657, "King John Buelle" was buried beside Athelstan, in Malmesbury abbey, which indicates that gipsies were held in some respect.

More recently measures less brutal have been adopted by the governments of Europe against these nomads. Maria Teresa interested herself in the education of their children and in the gradual settlement of the race as tillers of the soil. Her efforts were persevered in by Joseph II, and Hungary and Transylvania number thousands of them among their settled population. No other countries have succeeded in winning them from their wandering habits, and it cannot be said, judging from Mrs. Pennell's account of their condition in Hungary, where they are very little better than serfs and slaves, that to compel them to inhabit one spot results in any benefit to the race itself.

In Scotland to-day they are often gathered into large communities, as at Yetholm, in the Cheviot hills, the majority, however, as in England, roam over the country for the most part, and all have retained their freedom and race characteristics, which seem, save in the particular of their music, to be lost to those in Hungary. In England, as in America, they wander from city to city, village to village, during the summer, in families and in communities, practicing the same arts that they practiced when they entered Europe from Asia so many hundred years ago.

To be convinced that the gipsy is worthy of attention and that his race is not a mere handful of degenerate persons banded into an association of thieves and vagabonds, as many ignorantly suppose, it is only necessary to give a few statistics, not very accurate, I fear, but as nearly exact as can be obtained at this time, to show how generally and in what numbers they are scattered over the world. In Hungary, where they are known as Czijanyok and Pharaonepek—Pharoah's people—there are 140,000 in Transylvania and the principalities, 162,000; in Spain, where they are called Zincali and Gitanos, there are 40,000; in England and Scotland, 18,000—this number has much diminished of late years, owing to the closing of the commons, and to emigration to America—in Poland, 2000; in Russia, 10,000; in Germany, France and Italy combined, 40,000; in Norway, 1500; and so on until the total number of gipsies in the world is computed to be about 5,000,000.—Paul Kester in Kate Field's Washington.

To Nursing Mothers!

A leading Ottawa Doctor writes: "During Lactation, when the strength of the mother is deficient, or the secretion of milk scanty,

WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT

gives most gratifying results." It also improves the quality of the milk.

It is largely prescribed
To Assist Digestion,
To Improve the Appetite,
To Act as a Food for Consumptives,
In Nervous Exhaustion, and as a Valuable Tonic.

PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE

THE BRITISH REVENUE.

An Increase Shown for the First Quarter of the Year.

The first quarter of the financial year shows an increase on every item of the revenue but two, and those two are but of small importance. The miscellaneous revenue is less by £157,945, and the land tax less by £25,000. On eight other heads there is a total gain on the same quarter of last year of £1,054,560. The net increase on the quarter is £871,624. Part of this increase is, of course, due to new taxation. The new beer and spirit duties have been in actual operation since the resolutions were passed on April 16. This accounts for a portion of the increase both in customs and excise, but not for the whole. The £263,000 more customs duties paid, and the £300,000 addition to the excise, are apart from the increased revenue, encouraging signs of improvement in the condition of the country. The same may be said of the £100,000 increase in stamps, for the new estate duties is not yet levied. The gain on the income tax exactly represents what the additional penny would yield if the whole £2,160,000 had been collected at 8d. But this is not the case. These £2,000,000 represent either that last year's arrears were somewhat larger, which was probably not the case, or more likely that the total income on which the tax is paid has increased. In the postal and telegraph service the gain is not large; £30,000 in the one and £25,000 in the other, represent, however, a good deal more than the normal increase, and show that there is a quiet and steady growth of business. These two sources of revenue, moreover, unlike customs and excise, compare with a quarter in which postoffice and telegraphs were almost alone in showing improvement, when customs, excise and stamps were all moving downward. In the June, September and December quarters of last year there was constant falling off. The downward movement has been entirely stopped, and the upward tendency which showed itself in the last quarter of the financial year has continued during the three months now gone.—London Daily News.

An Unusual Death Rate.

At this season of the year there are always many deaths, particularly among children, from Summer Complaint, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, etc., but this season the cases seem to be unusually frequent and fatal, and every one ought to know that a sure and speedy cure can easily be obtained by taking a teaspoonful of Perry Davis' Pain Killer in sweetened water (hot water is the best), every half hour until relieved. This remedy was never known to fail. Full directions are with each bottle. It is kept by every respectable druggist. New big bottle old popular 25 cents price.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

AN EAST INDIAN TRAGEDY.

A Curious Method of Bringing a Debtor to Time.

A recent tragedy in Kathiawar divulges how closely our modern India treads on the heels of an ancient world. Among the time-honored customs of the Hindus are certain methods of constraining the unrighteous man to do right under religious pressure, apart from either physical compulsion or the intervention of human tribunals. In the bad times before British rule, when weakness had no chance against strength, and the law was a goad in the hands of the wrongdoers rather than a defence for the wronged, such processes of religious duress were often the sole mode of obtaining justice. The common form was for the injured party to sit fasting at the door of the tent or house of his oppressor, in order to compel payment of a debt or to force redress from a high official or prince. As long as the suitor abstained from food public opinion and religious usage compelled the debtor or unjust prince also to fast and to shut himself up from his usual occupations or amusements. If the suitor died at his door, the sin of his death rested upon the wrongdoer. This process of Dharna ceased to be suitable under the reign of British law, and, as it could be made a means of extortion, it was made a punishable offence. But another and even more honored method survived. Public treaties and important private or family engagements were formerly guaranteed by a caste of heralds (Charans) who became responsible with their life for the fulfilment of the agreement. Our old treaties with the Rajput princes were negotiated in this way, and the documents still bear the impress of the herald's dagger—the dagger which the herald, in the event of his being unable to constrain either of the contracting parties to perform his engagement, would plunge into his own breast. The guilt and infamy of thus causing a herald's death were long regarded as the best securities against breaches of public faith throughout Central and Western India.

Notwithstanding the Bombay penal regulation of 1827, this system of Traga has lingered on in various modified forms—especially among the feudatory states. If the herald feared that his own single death would not overawe the wrongdoer, the proceedings began by the voluntary sacrifice of a beloved or honored member of his family or caste. Last week's mail brought the decision of the chief court of Kathiawar in a case of the kind. A banker had made a loan to a land holder in native territory, and took the precaution of securing the impress of the herald's dagger as a guarantee. The land holder evaded payment, and on the herald's coming to demand it he laughed at him, and referred the creditor to the civil court. The herald stood as public surety for the repayment of the loan. The honor of his caste was at stake, and he determined to uphold it at whatever cost to himself and his kindred. He and his brother and their old mother, after solemn religious ceremonies, set off once more for the land holder's house. "Wilt thou pay or not?" he demanded of the debtor. The debtor tried to extemporize. The two brethren drew their swords, and their aged mother, bent low before them, with her neck outstretched for the blow. "I will pay as soon as the wheat crop is garnered," cried the alarmed land holder. "Wilt thou pay now or not?" the herald again demanded. The land holder, terror-stricken, began some incoherent reply. With one sweep of his arm the herald struck off his mother's head, and the brothers rushed with their swords on the defaulting debtor. Having wounded him, but not seriously, they sprinkled their mother's blood and his own on his accursed doorposts. Further proceedings were stayed by the police. The land holder, smitten by public infamy and the guilt of the matricide, starved himself to death. The brothers were not allowed to complete their sacrifice, but the one who struck the blow was sentenced to transportation for life. His memory will be sung for many a year as the hero of the herald caste in Gujara.—London Times.

20 lbs. of Nestlé's Food

Your doctor will tell you it is the safest diet for baby

Nestlé's Food is invaluable in hot weather. Prepared for use with water only, all danger from using milk of tuberculous cows is avoided. If you have not used Nestlé's Food, send for sample and our dainty book, "THE BABY," both free of charge.

THOS. LEEMING & CO., 30 St. Peter St., Montreal.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Scenic and Popular Route to the East. Running through Sleepers and Tourist Cars to

MONTREAL,
BOSTON,
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WITHOUT CHANGE

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Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
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St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED	Victoria Route.			TONNAGE
15 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			1117
8 30 pm	Lv	M T	... Victoria...	110 Ar 4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	35	Pt. Townsend	72 Lv 1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	... Seattle....	28 Lv 10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	... Tacoma...	MI Lv 8 00 am

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Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to C. A. RATTRAY, General Agent, No. 72 Government Street.

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Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (2,970 tons) Saturday, September 1st, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New Line of Steel Screw Steamers

Alameda..Thursday, August 23rd, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the Southern mails

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent, H. E. CONNOR, Agent, Victoria, B. C.

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 4 P.M.

Walla Walla ..... August 11

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 23,

Taking effect June 28th, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 15:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 15 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

All Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

No. 2 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.
Lv. 5 00 P M	0	VICTORIA	Ar. 10 30 A M
5 09	3	ESQUIMALT	10 21
5 14	5	ROYAL ROAD	10 16
5 19	7	COLWOOD	10 11
5 24	9	HAYWARD'S	10 06
5 29	11	LANGFORD	10 01
5 34	13	GOBLE HILL	9 56
5 39	15	MCPHERSON'S	9 51
5 44	17	KOKSILAH	9 46
5 49	19	DUNCANS	9 41
5 54	21	QUAMICHAN	9 36
6 04	26	OYSTER BAY	9 26
Ar. 6 10 P M	32	NANAIMO	Lv. 9 20 A M
		WELLINGTON	

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

No. 1 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.	No. 3 Passenger Daily.
Lv. 8 30 A M	0	Ar. 5 30 P M
8 39	3	5 21
8 44	5	5 16
8 49	7	5 11
8 54	9	5 06
8 59	11	5 01
9 04	13	4 56
9 09	15	4 51
9 14	17	4 46
9 19	19	4 41
9 24	21	4 36
9 34	26	4 26
Ar. 9 40 A M	32	Lv. 4 20 P M

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accomodations for second-class passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1106 Pacific Ave. Tacoma, Wash.

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN

J. K. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Union Wharf Thursdays at 6 a.m. for Nanaimo returning to Union Wharf same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's Office, Victoria.....No. 23 Store St.

Neglege Shirts

Just Received 20 doz. Fine Outing Shirts, Neck Ties to match; Prices $1, $1.25 and $1.50. This is a Job Line and will be Sold cheap.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., 97 Johnson St.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Council Decides to Spend Friday Evening Discussing Water Supply Question.

Late Police Clerk Pope Makes Charges That Ald. Wilson Emphatically Denies.

In the absence of Mayor Teague Ald. Munn occupied the chair at last evening's meeting of the council. The other members of the board present were: Ald. Humphrey, Vigelius, Styles, Baker, Dwyer and Harris.

Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, solicitors for Conductor Payne, who was injured by coming in contact with some obstructions on Store street, asked for damages. Referred to the sewerage committee.

Hon. Amor De Cosmos complained of nuisances on the sidewalk in front of his property on Government street. Referred to the street committee.

Secretary Elworthy, of the board of trade, wrote relative to the board's action regarding the water supply, and stating that it had been commended by the board of trade. Received and filed.

W. Sargison denied that he had been engaged to run the city water pump by Mr. Devoe, but had been engaged by the city, and requested a settlement of his claim. Received and filed.

The city building inspector reported that M. C. Mayo had completed his contract for the fire hall floor and that he was entitled to 75 per cent. of the contract price. Referred to finance committee.

F. Kelly and James March applied for the position of lamp trimmer. Laid on the table.

The chairman stated that there was a letter respecting the case of Pope v. the city corporation, and asked if the council wished it read. The council decided to have it read. It is as follows

Victoria, B. C., August 4, 1894.

To His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Victoria, B. C.

Gentlemen:

Pope v. Corporation of Victoria.

I wish to refer to this case, which is to all intents and purposes, Pope v. Keith Wilson, because the motives which have promoted Alderman Wilson in this matter were never explained to the Council.

On or about March 22nd of this year, Mr. Forest Angus came to the police court and laid an information against Alderman Wilson under the "Public Health By-law, 1893."

I pursued the only course open to me and took the information. Mr. Wilson was summoned the same day, and that evening, during my absence and while I retained possession of the key of my desk, he either opened my desk, or caused it to be opened, that he might get at the information.

Next morning I reported this tampering with important documents to the police commission and later the same morning Alderman Wilson came into the police court, and, as I believe, tried to intimidate me from doing my duty as clerk of the police court.

Among other things he told me I should have used some discretion in the matter of Mr. Angus' complaint. I replied that I had done so. I understood him to mean that I should have discriminated against Mr. Angus in the case. Be that as it may Mr. Wilson developed a vindictiveness towards me from the time when he last spoke to me that morning in the police court.

But for the evidence of this resentment on Mr. Wilson's part I should not have taken action to recover in the county court. He has been the head and front of this difficulty from the beginning. I was, and am now, prepared to leave this matter to the impartial consideration of the council, but not to Alderman Wilson's animosity.

Referring to his sworn statement in the county court on the 2nd instant, either he testified ignorantly or he willfully perverted the truth. He said I had not made application for the extra money. I say positively that on April 30th I applied to the city treasurer for the increased amount in the presence of another official. Moreover, I personally brought the matter to the notice of His Worship the Mayor on May 1st, and later I wrote the council about it. I certainly made no application to Alderman Wilson either in this or any other matter, having no reason to do so.

Please communicate your decision to Messrs. Belyea & Gregory.

I am, gentlemen, yours obediently,

WILLIAM C. POPE.

Ald. Wilson said the letter was a tissue of falsehoods. He may have asked the clerk for some information when the Angus case was before the court, but he had not gone to his desk. He had never shown any vindictiveness towards Mr. Pope. All he had had to do with the case of Pope v. the corporation was to sign an affidavit as chairman of the finance committee at the request of the city solicitors. All the members of the council knew that Mr. Pope had been unable to do the extra work for which $10 a month had been voted. He repeated that the charges were false.

The letter was received and filed.

The finance committee recommended the payment of accounts amounting to $2760.55. Other reports from the finance committee recommending the payment of smaller amounts were, with the first one, adopted.

The following letter was received from the water commissioner:

"That in view of the fact that the filter beds at Beaver Lake cannot be thoroughly cleaned on account of sediment settling in the interstices of the broken stone in the bottom of the beds, I would respectfully submit for your consideration the advisability of removing the broken stone from filter beds numbers 1 and 2, and substituting therefor a concrete bottom and drawing the water for the present from those beds only. The estimated cost, including the extension of a pipe from the lower side of the present receiver around to filter bed No. 1 would be about $2500. This work would form a portion of that which would be necessary to do in order to clean out the other filter bed and receiver or to extend the main from the dam to the lake."

Ald. Wilson would like to know what the water commissioner had done. The whole matter had been referred to the committee. It would not do the city any good to continually discuss the water supply. What he expected was a comprehensive report from the committee as to the best means of improving the system. He was sure that the ratepayers would vote the necessary money.

Ald. Baker suggested that the pipes be flushed.

Ald. Dwyer moved that the report be referred to the water committee. The pipes were frequently flushed. The committee were moving along as quickly as possible. The assistant engineer was making a survey, which was to have been completed to-day. The whole matter of filter beds, etc., would be gone into by the committee.

Ald. Harris did not believe in tinkering with the water supply. The engineer had presented a report to the committee some time ago. If the council did not have confidence in their engineer they should employ some other expert.

The report was referred to the water committee.

The electric light committee recommended that tenders be called for 200 electric light poles, tenders to be in by August 13th, the poles to be delivered in 30 days.

Ald. Munn explained that 200 was nothing like the number of poles that would be required, but the committee were negotiating to save the city something in this line. The poles should be obtained so that the work should not be delayed.

Ald. Wilson asked if the city did not have rights on the poles of private companies.

Ald. Munn—That is the question that the committee is considering.

The report was adopted.

The sewerage committee reported relative to a communication from Turner, Beeton & Co. that the drain at the foot of Yates street would be altered when the construction of sewers was commenced. The committee recommended that the city connect Mrs. Baumgart's property with the sewers if she did not have it done herself. In the opinion of the committee the contract between the city and the B. C. Terra Cotta company was at an end and that the bond given by the company be cancelled; that the committee recommended that 5000 feet of 6 inch pipe required by the city be obtained from the company at the schedule price. The committee enclosed a report of the sewerage committee of 1893 respecting the Terra Cotta company's contract.

The report was adopted.

The street committee reported on a number of requests for repairs to streets. Adopted.

Ald. Harris drew attention to a dangerous gravel pit opposite R. Ward's residence.

Ald. Baker explained that it was the intention to fill the pit in.

The municipal expenditure by-law was reconsidered and finally passed.

Ald. Harris thought an evening should be set aside for the discussion of the water works system and the proposed improvements. The engineer should be present at the meeting.

All the aldermen were of the same opinion, and it was decided to meet on Friday evening.

The council adjourned at 9.25.

Do You Admire Strong And Healthy Babies?

Lactated Food Gives Health, Strength and Heartiness.

There is no artificial food in the world that contains so much muscle and tissue-forming qualities as Lactated Food. A well-known Canadian physician recently affirmed that the large majority of foods now sold were of no real value as flesh and bone producers.

Lactated Food is the best diet for the infant's development and strengthening.

Lactated Food is easily digested and assimilated and does not cause inflammation and irritation of the stomach and digestive organs as other foods do.

Lactated Food saves baby from dysentery, diarrhoea and cholera infantum.

Lactated Food will make baby well, if it is sick, cross and peevish at present.

Lactated Food is the best on earth for infants when teething time comes on; it keeps them bright and happy.

Lactated Food "saves babies' lives."

Although Prince Bismarck considers draughts the best of all indoor games, yet he has the greatest horror of draughts of the more practical kind which comes in at the window and go out of the door via the back of one's neck.

Those who watch the cormorant's diving feats are usually so interested in the fortunes of the chase, as the handsome bird dashes after the fish, that not one visitor in twenty observes that, from the mode of its entering the water up to the moment of its exit, its methods of movement are absolutely different to those of the penguins. The cormorant does not plunge headlong. It launches itself on the surface, and then ducks like a grebe. Its wings are not used as propellers, but trail unresistingly level with its body, and the speed with which it courses through the water is wholly due to the swimming powers of its large and ugly webbed feet. These are set on quite at the end of the body, and work incessantly like a treadle or the floats of a stern wheel steamer. Yet the conditions of submarine motion are so favorable that the speed of the bird below the surface is three or four times greater than that gained by equally rapid movements of the feet when it has risen and is swimming on the top. The lustre of the feathers in the clear water, the cloud of brilliant bubbles which pour from the plumage, like the nebulous train of a comet, as the bird rushes through the water, and the sapphire light of the large blue eye, make the cormorant's fishing one of the prettiest aquatic exercises in the world.—The Spectator.

Ayer's Hair Vigor is cleanly, agreeable, beneficial, and safe. It is the most elegant and the most economical of toilet preparations. By its use ladies can produce an abundant growth of hair, causing it to become natural in color, lustre, and texture.

The Best Medicine.

J. O. WILSON, Contractor and Builder, Sulphur Springs, Texas, thus speaks of **Ayer's Pills:**

"**Ayer's Pills** are the best medicine I ever tried; and, in my judgment, no better general remedy could be devised. I have used them in my family and recommended them to my friends and employes for more than twenty years. To my certain knowledge, many cases of the following complaints have been completely and

Permanently Cured

by the use of **Ayer's Pills** alone: Third day chills, dumb ague, bilious fever, sick headache, rheumatism, flux, dyspepsia, constipation, and hard colds. I know that a moderate use of **Ayer's Pills**, continued for a few days or weeks, as the nature of the complaint required, would be found an absolute cure for the disorders I have named above."

"I have been selling medicine for eight years, and I can safely say that **Ayer's Pills** give better satisfaction than any other Pill I ever sold."—J. J. Perry, Spottsylvania C. H., Va.

AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

RUPTURE More CURES Have been effected by my Truss, with less pressure, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free.

CHARLES CLUTHE, 194 King St. W., Toronto

THE

New Brunswick Royal Art Union

LIMITED,

OF THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Capital Stock: $150,000.

Incorporated to Promote Art.

This Company will distribute among its subscribers, on the

31st Day of July, 1894,

3,432 Works of Art, aggregating in value $65,115. Every subscriber has an equal chance.

The Grand Prize is a Group of Works of Art valued at $18,750. Subscription tickets for sale at the New Brunswick Royal Art Union Gallery in St. John, N. B. Price $1.00 each. In addition to the monthly chance of winning a valuable prize, the holder of 12 consecutive monthly subscription tickets, will receive an original Work of Art, by such artists as Thos. Moran, N. A.; Wm. H. Shelton and others.

Send money for subscriptions by registered letter, money order, bank check or draft, to

THE NEW BRUNSWICK ROYAL ART UNION, Ltd., St. John, N. B.

Circulars and full information mailed free.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

To those who follow closely the pages of "America Photographed" will be imparted a fund of information in the geography, topography, history and resources of North America that can be acquired from no other single work. It touches alike city, stream, mountain and forest. The almost unnumbered grandeurs of nature and

Most Interesting Works of Man

are pictured by photography and talked about by some of the best writers known As an educator it will be invaluable alike to young and old, yet when its pages bring to view the magnificent engravings, triumphs of the photographer's art and the engraver's genius, the acquisition of knowledge will be rendered a pleasure rather than a task.

NEVER BEFORE

has such a newspaper premium been offered to the public on such terms. You will regret it if you do not secure this Art Album and Educational Storehouse.

The Times this week offers Part 16. Four more numbers will complete the series of 20 Parts. Subscribers who have not yet availed themselves of our magnificent offer, may do so still, as there are a few numbers of the first parts still on hand. When these are all gone we will not re-order.

Address,

TIMES, VICTORIA, B. C.

VICTORIA SEWERAGE SYSTEM

Alderman Wilson Explains the Manner in Which it is to be Carried Out.

Property Benefitted to be Assessed for the Sewers—To Establish a Fund.

The ratepayers of Victoria, a few months ago voted $100,000 to continue the sewerage system that was commenced by the expenditure of $300,000. Everybody who voted for the by-law of course knew that it was the intention to extend the present sewerage system, but few understood the scheme by which it is proposed to carry it out.

Last evening Ald. Wilson, who piloted the by-law through the council, explained to a Times representative how it was proposed to spend the $100,000 loan and ultimately sewer the whole city. Ald. Wilson has spent a great deal of time in considering and studying the matter, which he now thoroughly understands. Of course he expects to meet with many objections; all schemes are subject to them.

"As you know," said Ald. Wilson, "$300,000 has already been spent on sewers. Part of this—how much, will yet have to be ascertained—has been spent for the general or main outlet, which of course the whole city should pay for. The balance has been spent to benefit certain districts. The property owners in the favored districts should pay for these benefits, and his proposition was to make them do so. First, the $100,000 would be spent to connect and complete the lines of sewers already laid. For instance, Government street had been secured from Humboldt street to Fort street, and from Yates to Johnson street, leaving out the blocks between Fort and Yates streets. This will be the first of the 12 or 16 contracts let with the $100,000 that has been borrowed. Most of the money will be spent in the business portion of the city, which was now partly sewered. When this is done the corporation will assess the property benefitted by the sewers, the owners being given the option of either paying the whole amount due by them at once, or allowing it to extend over ten years with interest. Many would pay their share at once, while others would pay it in yearly installments. The first charge on the money collected from the ratepayers in this way would be for the interest and sinking fund on the loan. The balance, which would be about two-thirds of the amount, as the loan extends over 25 years, will go into a general sewerage fund, which in turn will be used for further extending the system. By this means it will not be long before the whole city is sewered. The greater the district covered by the sewers the larger will be the amount in the sewerage fund for extending the system, as everybody will commence to pay as soon as their property is sewered.

"There will be some people who will claim that the corporation cannot legally do this; that they cannot spend the money first and then call on the property owners to pay their share of the money expended. This, however, is all provided for in the amendments made to the municipal act last year. Subsection 12 of section 38 particularly deals with this question and is in fact retroactive, so that the corporation can assess the property benefitted by the sewers built with the $300,000 loan.

As to the scheme being a cheap one for all concerned, there is no doubt. Of course in the business portion of the city the sewers will have to be deeper to connect with the cellars, and will, of course, be more expensive. But is it not right that the property that requires these deep sewers should pay for them, instead of charging them to the residential property that only requires shallow sewers."

Ald. Wilson went into figures to show that in the residential portion of the city or for that matter in any other portion, the amount annually paid to scavengers to keep premises clean, will exceed the amount that the lot owner will be required to pay annually, if he extends his payments over ten years. "And, of course," added the alderman, "the sewers will keep the premises in a much cleaner condition."

NANAIMO NEWS.

Lodge of the C. O. O. F. to be Instituted in Nanaimo.

Nanaimo, Aug. 7.—An endeavor will be made by S. J. Wade, D. D. G. M. of the C. O. O. F., M. U., to start a branch of that order in this city. For a city with the population of Nanaimo, one would think that it is already overcrowded with benevolent societies. At present there are no less than four lodges of Odd Fellows.

D. Fayfair, British minister to China, who has been staying with Capt. H. L. Dempster for a few days, left for Vancouver yesterday where he joined the Empress of India for China.

Quite a number of Northfield miners found employment in No. 1 shaft yesterday upon the understanding that they are only to work third time for the present month.

Henceforth the Caledonian Society has decided to prohibit persons from enjoying the free privileges of the grounds and those who attempt to do so will be prosecuted.

J. E. Halton, of the Wilson restaurant, when informed of the attempted suicide of A. J. Rowbotham expressed surprise. Mr. Halton spent Saturday night with him, was accompanied to the train by Rowbotham on Sunday afternoon and they were talking together until the train left. Rowbotham worried over business matters, but did not appear despondent. He complained that he had lost a great deal of what he had made in the last 30 years, and said if he was like some men he would assign or get out and let the creditors suffer, but he would not do anything of that sort, he would die first.

Bankrupt Stock of Dress Goods
At Russell & McDonald's.

DIED.

CLARKE—On the 7th instant, at his residence, No. 7 Bay street, William Charles Douglas, eldest son of Capt. W. R. and the late Mary Clarke, a native of Victoria, B.C., aged 24 1-2 years.

The funeral will take place on Thursday at 9:30 a.m. from the residence as above, and at 10 o'clock at St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Cathedral.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Events of the Day Among Amateurs and Professionals

THE RING.

WANTS TO MEET CORBETT.

New York, Aug. 7.—Bob Fitzsimmons, the pugilist, who is summering at Orange, N. J., was asked yesterday when he would fight his next battle. He replied: "Well, I will be after Corbett in a few days, and he will have to do battle with me or resign the championship. I am preparing a paper for him which will be ready in a day or so. I think I have every right to ask a chance at him. The public must acknowledge that I have reached the next rung on the ladder to Corbett." In answer to a question put to him, Bob said: "I must not fight Jackson even if he whips Corbett. I will not fight a colored man. The American public do not expect a white man to try conclusions with a colored man, and I do not intend to do it. Now that I am an American I intend to cater to the desires of my people. I do not think Jackson and Corbett will ever fight."

THE CUE.

SCHAEFFER'S RETURN.

New York, Aug. 7.—Jacob Schaeffer, the billiardist, who has been in Paris for several months, arrived on the steamer Nevarrea, from Havre to-day. He said in an interview last evening that his trip had been an enjoyable one. He won a majority of the games in which he participated. In the series with Ives he won six out of eight. He said he would have prolonged his stay in Paris indefinitely if it had not been for the action of the authorities in suppressing betting on the games. "In France," he said, "enthusiasts bet on the billiard games in the same manner as Americans do on horse races. Books are made on every game, and speculation at times is very brisk. Of the money wagered the players net ten per cent. Under this order of things there is plenty of money to be made and all the crack players did their best to secure it. Things were going along nicely when the authorities began to interfere, and I decided to return. The action of the authorities was precipitated by Vignaux, who represented a place on the boulevard and attracted too much attention. I cannot understand the interference of the authorities at all. Twice the players fought it in the courts and came out victorious." "Is Ives coming back?" was asked. "Yes," replied Schaeffer," I expect him home in about two weeks. Ives has made considerable money; in fact we all made money."

LACROSSE.

SATURDAY'S MATCH.

Victorians will have another opportunity next Saturday of witnessing a good lacrosse match. The Vancouver team have been strengthened since their last match, and will put up a far better game. The Victoria team always play good lacrosse, so the match should, on the whole, be a good one. Morton, who has been suffering from a sore wrist, will probably be able to play by that time. Ross Eckhardt suffers from cuts he received in last Saturday's match but he also expects to be in shape by next Saturday.

LAWN TENNIS.

COWICHAN TOURNAMENT.

The Cowichan Lawn Tennis club held their annual tournament on Saturday, the scores being as follows:

GENTLEMEN'S SINGLES (OPEN.

Second Round.

E. W. Shaw beat W. W. Ferris 6-5, 6-1.
H. W. F. Pollock beat J. C. Harris 6-4, 6-2.
O. A. Kern beat F. Dickson—6-1, 6-2.
A. C. Elmore beat J. Musgrave—6-3, 6-4.

Third Round.

R. Musgrave beat E. C. Musgrave—3-6, 6-4, 6-2.
E. W. Shaw beat H. W. F. Pollock—6-3, 4-6, 6-3.
R. E. Barkley beat A. F. Wasey—6-3, 6-4.

Semi-Final Round.

R. Musgrave beat E. W. Shaw—6-2, 1-6, 6-4.
R. E. Barkley beat A. C. Elmore—6-4, 4-6, 6-4.

Final Round.

R. E. Barkley beat R. Musgrave—6-1, 6-1.

GENTLEMEN'S DOUBLES.

Draw.

W. H. Elkington and E. C. Musgrave—bye.
E. W. Shaw and F. Dickson v. J. C. Harris and R. Musgrave.
W. W. Ferris and R. E. Barkley v. J. Musgrave and H. W. F. Pollock.
A. F. Wasey and O. A. Karn—bye

First Round.

J. C. Harris and R. Musgrave beat E. W. Shaw and F. Dickson—6-4, 6-4.
W. W. Ferris and R. E. Barkley beat J. Musgrave and H. W. F. Pollock—6-1, 6-4.

Second Round.

J. C. Ferris and R. Musgrave beat W. H. Elkington and E. C. Musgrave—6-3, 6-2.
W. W. Ferris and R. E. Barkley beat A. F. Wasey and O. A. Kearn—6-2, 6-2.

Final Round.

W. W. Ferris and R. E. Barkley beat J. C. Harris and R. Musgrave, 6-4, 8-6.

In the tennis tournament a number of games were played on Monday and some of the results were surprising. Miss Kershaw beat Miss Arrowsmith in the ladies' open singles—4-6, 6-4 and 6-1. In the mixed doubles Miss Dunsmuir and Mr. Longe beat Miss Roe and Mr. Cuppage (last year's champions)—6-3, 2-6, and 6-4. Miss Bailey and F. S. Bull won from Miss Corie and Robert Powell 6-4, 1-6 and 6-4. Mrs. Burton and Mr. Jacob won from Miss Drake and Mr. Drake—6-1 and 6-5. Mr. Foulkes beat Mr. Purden 6-4 and 6-4 and Mr. Jacob 6-1 and 6-2. The game between Mr. Foulkes and Mr. Purden was an excellent one.

THE GUN.

VICTORIA GUN CLUB.

The regular monthly meeting of the Victoria Gun club will take place this evening at the Hotel Victoria. This being the last regular meeting before the game season opens, all members are especially requested to attend.

YACHTING.

London, August 7.—The prospects of a race between the Vigilant and Britannia to-morrow are doubtful. Both will probably have to undergo repairs when docked. The Vigilant is now about Hampton waiting to be docked. There is some chagrin expressed at the manner in which the Yankee out-jockeyed the Britannia yesterday.

Cowes, Aug. 7.—The Royal Yacht squadron's race for the Queen's Cup was sailed to-day over a course of about 50 miles. The starters were Carina, Lesperance, Britannia, Mohawk, Casanet and Meteor. The Britannia got away slightly ahead of time. She did not see the recall signal and was declared out. The yacht Carina won the race by ten minutes. The Britannia went over the course.

SEA ISLAND MURDER.

Squamish Charlie Arrested and Charged With the Crime.

Vancouver, Aug. 7.—A few hours after the murder of James McRory at Sea Island, particulars of which were given yesterday, Warden Moresby and Chief McLaren arrested an Indian and charged him with the crime. His name is Squamish Charlie. He has served five years for manslaughter and is a bad Indian. By careful inquiry it was ascertained that shortly after the murder Charlie was seen coming from the direction of the scence of the tragedy under the influence of liquor. Sergeant Haywood, with a horse and rig, spied the country back and forth between the North Arm road and the water front, while Moresby and the chief took charge of the Vancouver side. They waited for the Indian at his shack on False creek, expecting him to turn up there, to get over his spree and to remove the damaging traces of his guilt. Their surmises were correct. Charlie was nabbed as soon as he entered his shack. He protested his innocence, and said the spots of blood on the left side of his trousers and coat were berry stains. Coroner McGuigan examined the spots and pronounced them blood. If Charlie is guilty the white man who sold him liquor may have two men's lives to answer for.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Pauline Wallace, Miss Grace Straubut, Miss Kate Hanson, Wm Hanson, H V Burner, O N Miller, H F Kellog, Mrs Dodge, Mrs Austin, Ray Dodge, W L Austin, G Henderson, D B Jackson, P P Shelby, W T Preston, Chas Tucker, John Stewart, A Bacelleri, J Brewster, C H Barnwell, Wm Graegl, G E Hobson, Mrs A F Cross, Miss Nellie Mitchell, A L Hobnicht, John Smith, L Peters.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—B Van Volkenberg, Hastings Saw Mill Co.

Argyle House.

OUR SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST

All single width Dress Goods still at cost price.
Challies reduced from 25c to 20c a yard.
Challies reduced from 20c to 15c a yard.
English Sateens from 25c to 20c a yard.
Ladies' Wool Jerseys at cost price.
Fourteen yards Canton Flannel for $1.
Lace Curtains at 50c a pair.
Ladies' Belts still at cost price.
One case more of those Double Width Serges, so good for children's school dresses, at 25c a yard.
White Calico, 5c a yard.
Unbleached Calico, 5c a yard.

A Large Quantity of Remnants at Prices Which Make Them all Bargains.

J. Horner & Co.

88 DOUGLAS STREET.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Numidian	Aug 11
Allan Line, Sardinian	Aug. 18
Dominion Line, Labrador	Aug. 11
Dominion Line, Mariposa	Aug. 18
Beaver Line, Lake Huron	Aug 15
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	Aug. 22

From New York.

Cunard Line, Aurania	Aug. 11
Cunard Line, Etruria	Aug 18
White Star Line, Germanic	Aug. 15
White Star Line, Teutonic	Aug. 22
American Line, Paris	Aug. 15
American Line, Berlin	Aug. 22
North Ger. Lloyd, Elbe	Aug. 11
North Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	Aug. 14
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Aug. 11
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Aug. 18
Red Star Line, Rhyniand	Aug. 15
Red Star Line, Westernland	Aug. 22
Allan State Line, California	Aug. 31

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 and $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

WE

Advertise no baits; they are misleading. We believe in plain business methods, to give each and every patron equal value.

DON'T

You think that it is the proper way for an honest, reliable merchant? What lasting advantage can a dealer attain who habitually deceives?

BELIEVE

us, that we handle the finest grades of good, reliable Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits, and we always aim to be the lowest in prices.

IN

Cents' Furnishings also we handle only reliable Shirts, Underwear, Gloves, Half Hose, Ties, Collars, etc.

DECEPTIONS

Are too frequently resorted to by some, but we maintain our old honest methods that have stood the test of 10 years with you, and are here still.

CAMERON,
THE CASH CLOTHIER,
55 Johnson St.

Cash Grocery

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.
No Chinese Hieroglyphics.
All Goods Sold as Represented.
The Best in the Market.

NEW GOODS.

CHRISTIE, BROWN & CO.'S BISCUITS

Sodas, per lb	10c.
Short Bread	25c.
Cheese Biscuits	15c.
Abernethy	20c.
Cracknel	25c.
Sugar wafers, per box	25c.
Marmalade, per lb	20c.
Oat Meal Biscuits	15c.
Kennel	5c.

R. H. JAMESON & CO.,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

AUCTION SALES.

Auction of Jewellery TO-DAY.

Great Slaughter Sales

Will be held, at which every article offered will be sold, absolutely no matter what it brings. This is necessary on account of the great expense of a prolonged sale. Our positive instructions are to sell in order to clear. Attend these sales; they will be the greatest unreserved sales of Jewellery ever held here.

To-Day and To-Morrow,
at 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. respectively.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION

The Furniture In the Hotel Victoria. Distraint For Rent.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 9, AT 11 A.M.

I will sell at the Hotel Victoria, Government and Johnson Streets, under distraint for rent, the whole of the furniture contained in said premises, consisting of elaborate bar and office fixtures, dining-room well furnished in oak, ash and pine suites, carpets, etc. The reception and private parlors are well furnished—valuable Brussels carpets, piano, gas and electric chandeliers. The billiard-room contains one English table, 2 American pocket and carom tables and all fittings complete. Also the kitchen outfit.

This is a splendid opportunity for any person wishing to furnish a first-class hotel. The property will be sold en bloc. Purchasers are invited to inspect the goods and inventory. For further particulars apply to

GEORGE BYRNES,
Auctioneer.
jy31

W. J. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

Protection Island Coal

Mined by the NEW VANCOUVER COAL CO.

FOR SALE AT THE ROCK BAY COAL YARD

This is positively the best Coal mined in British Columbia.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.
Telephone 512.

PENDRAY'S EXTRACT OF SOAP

For Stains, Tarnishes, And Kitchen Tables.
For Bell Handles And Stair-rods.
Cleans Rapid, Is Simple and Cheap.
Makes Paint Like New.
It is Acknowledged the Best In the Market.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR PENDRAY'S AND GET IT.

JOLLY'S CREAMERY BUTTER

In Small Tubs for ...Family Use... At Reasonable Prices.

Erskine, Wall & Co
COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

Cash!

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.... FROM CREDIT TO CASH.

BIG DROP IN PRICES TO SUIT HARD TIMES

Call on us and SAVE MONEY on your GROCERIES.

JOHNS BROS., 281 DOUGLAS ST

Butter!

Large consignments arriving weekly by refrigerator car.

J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
26 Yates Street.

Accurately Adjusted.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street

NOTICE.

A Public Meeting will be held on Wednesday evening next, at 8 p.m., to take into consideration the matters connected with the forthcoming Exhibition of the B. C. Agricultural Associa tion beginning October 6th next.

All parties interested are requested to attend.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

Victoria B. C., August 4th, 1894.

Paisley Steam Dye Works,

116 YATES ST,

Between Douglas and Blanchard, Victoria, B. C. The undersigned has refitted the dye works with all the latest improvements, and is prepared to do all kinds of dyeing and renovating. Lace curtains dyed and cleaned; sheepskins done at the shortest notice; feathers, gloves and ladies' wear a specialty; French and dry cleaning; gents clothes cleaned or dyed at the shortest notice. Goods called for and delivered.

JAMES ALLISON.

FOR THE NORTH

The Steamer BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, will sail for Fort Simpson and way ports on

Tuesday, August 7,

At 7 p. m., from Spratt's Wharf. For freight or passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN,
6 Trounce Avenue,
Manager.